Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

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WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Dec. 4, 1893.

Mr. Cleveland doubtless feels thathis tariff bill needs bolstering up, and that accounts for the space he devotes to it in his message to Congress. It is not for the democratic members of Congress that he intends his arguments in favor of the tariff monstrosity which he has compelled the democrats of the House Ways and Means committee to father, but for the business interests of the country which have kept the telegraph wires hot with protests against the proposed outrage ever since it was made public a week ago. He doesn't mind the opposition from democratic Congressmen; he knows by experience that a few appointments judiciously placed will silence the most of that· It is the aroused public sentiments of the country that he fears.

Democratic Senators and Representatives who have been among their constituents since the close of the extra session bring no consolation to the administration; on the contrary, they bring news of the most doleful nature. At a private conference of administration democrats held last night it was generally admitted that the next House of Representatives would almost certainly be republican. Instead of that knowledge making them more conservative, as it would wiser men, it has made them more determined than ever to force the whole adminlstration program through Congress, regardless of consequences.

Republican leaders take little or no stock in the idea that discontented democrats will aid them to modify the Cleveland tariff bill. They have heard democratic Senators and Representatives talk one way and vote another too often to place any reliance upon them.

They intend, however, that the debate on the bill shall make plain to the country the full extent af the damage such a law will inflict upon every man in the United States. Owing to the House Rules and that House committee on Rules is completely under Mr. Cleveland's thumb, it is certain that the bill will be railroaded through the House with but a semblance of general debate, but Mr. Cleveland does not control the Senate which has rules, that will not be changed to aid In hurrying this bill through, under which full debate may be had. If democratic Senators choose they may with the aid of the solid republican vote, which they can easily get, if they ask for it—it will not be tendered to them—remove some of the ruinous sections of the bill; but few republicans are counting upon their doing anything so sensible.

It is not yet certain when the Cleveland tariff bill will be reported to the House. A resolution adoptedby theHouse just before the close of the extra session provided that the republican members of the Ways and Means committee should have ten days from the time they were furnished with a complete copy ot the bill to prepare their report against it. If that resolution is to be binding the bill will not be reported to the House until well into next week, as the republicans have not yet been furnished a complete bill—the internal revenue part of it has not been finished by the democrats, and the figures of the Treasury Department showing the estimated effect of the proposed bill on the revenues of the country were only furnished them today. The astounding statement is, however, unofficially made that the democrats will make a separate bill of the internal revenue changes, in order that the ten days may date from last Monday, when the tariff schedule was first made public. To do such a thing would be manifestly unfair.

The reason why the internal revenue part of the tariff bill has not been completed is that Mr. Cleveland and his heretofore willing tools, the democrats on the Ways and Means committee, have locked horns over the proposition to include therein an income tax to, which Mr. Cleveand is opposed. Up to this time all the efforts to reach a compromise have been unsuccessful, and some shrewd men are predicting that the income tax will be the rock upon which the Cleveland and anti-Cleveland democrats in Congress will split for good and all. We shall see.

The administration men are talking in a mysterious way about a new treaty with China, which the administration is negotiating. They claim so many things for this treaty that it will perhaps be better to await and ascertain how much truth there is in their claims. Many statesmen have tried to get the best of the wily Chinese diplomats, but up to date none have succeded to any marked extent, and Mr. Gresham is hardly the man to make a good job, even if he had a good foundation to build upon.

DEPARTMENT COMMANDER.

The comrades of Reno Post, G. A. R., of Williamsport, have put forward James B. Dentworth of that place for department commander. Mr. Dentworth is one of the best G. A. R. men in the state and is eminently qualified for the position. His military career is excellent, he having served during the entire war and participated in nearly one hundred battles receiving special recognition for his conspicious bravery. He is highly recommended by Reno, which numbers over four hundred members. The encampment will do itself and the G. A. R. members of the state great honor if it selects Mr. Dentworth for the positlon.

THE COUNCIL MUDDLE.

A visitor to the World's Fair, after taking in the length and breadth of the Midway Plaisance, remarked "it takes all kinds of people to make a world." This is only too true, and most of the kinds might he found in the Bellefonte council. The people elect men to transact their business, make their laws, and see that the same is properly enforced. Is this the way our borough fathers consider their positions? Their dilly dallying actions in regard to the Water Street boardwalk is certainly deserving of some condemnation. We will not presume to criticise their actions so far as to say where the walk should go, or who should put it there, but it seems only a plain and reasonable question that there should be a walk. This improvement has been asked by all the business men of the town and the majority of the large tax payers. It is their only way to get such improvements. What does council do? It passes a resolution to put walk on West side of said street; it accepts report of Street committee and borough engineer to put walk on East side of said street; it passes resolution giving citizens the right to put walk on west side of street, and all the time it has done absolutely nothing. There is an ordinance that covers the whole ground and why not enforce it. If by that ordinance, council cannot see the way clear to put down a walk on west side, then have one put down on east side, but at all events give us a walk. Don't keep up this useless dilly dallying, in the hope that the citizens will build the walk. It is not there place to do it. It is the duty of the council to enforce the laws it has already enacted, and if this is done, the Water street boardwalk muddle will soon be ended.

THAT NEW DOCTRINE.

The Seventh Day Adventist doctrine, (which is something new in Bellefonte) now being taught and preached by the Evangelist, Rev. L. S. Wheeler, in the hall over the Centre county bank, seems to be creating quite a religious excitement in Bellefonte. It is said that one preacher, numerous church members and a congregation of young people have been led to believe the Wheeler doctrine true; and, so far as we know, it may be. But in our mind the question resolves itself much like the question the Irishman propounded after waking from a drunken stupor and finding himself lying in the bushes and stripped of most all his clothes, the work of tramps. "Bedad," says he, "where am I? This can't be me; and if it isn't me, who might it be?"

And so with Sunday. If Sunday isn't Sunday, why what is it? It may be true that in the olden times the seventh day was set apart as the Sabbath day but the most learned theologians are universal in adopting the first day of the week, resurrection day, as the Christian Sabbath. It has, for the past almost nineteen hundred years, been kept and observed as such by the Christian church. The laws of our land, and all christian lands, have set aside the first day of the week as the Holy Sabbath and require the proper observance of the same. In truth it might not make any difference which of the seven days were selected, kept and served, but the people of all civilized countries are in duty bound to conform their way of living to the laws and established customs of the land in which they reside; hence, it seems utterly foolish to become fanatics on the subject of observing any other day.

RAILROAD NOTES.

A large force of men are at work to-day laying the track of the new railroad from Morris' limekilns up to the depot on Lamb street.

Mr. S. H. Williams with his force of workmen are hard at work painting the exterior of the building while a number of carpenters are just as busy putting the finishing touches on the inside. The depot, when completed, will have a large wareroom, a baggage room, both a ladies and gentlemens' waiting rooms, two toilet rooms, and a large and commodious office. The main entrance will be from Lamb street, while for the shipping and receiving of freight there are two large doors, one on the east side and one on the south end. The rooms are all well lighted with huge windows and will be just as brilliant at night with electric lights.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

New York, December 2, 1893.

Stock Exchange interests still continue buoyant, but neither decidedly active nor excited. The prevailing mood is that of expectancy, but without any common effort to force the improvement anticipated. The near approach of a session of Congress unusually for the questions to be considered, naturally has a tendency to hold operation in suspense; and that kind of influence confines, for the moment, the speculative transactions to brief turns.

The advance publication of the Wilson Tariff Bill, as agreed upon in Committee, has enabled Wall Street to form its first impressions as to the bearings of that important subject of legislation. The industrial stocks most conspicuously reflected of the bill; and that group exhibited a general decline, followed however by an early recovery consequent upon over-sales, and due in part also to previous intimations of the changes of duty having caused "short" sales which were covered on the bill being made public. The retention of raw sugar on the free list with a small charge upon refined to offset foreign export bounties, is construed as on the whole not so unfavorable to the "Sugar Trust" as it at first appeared; inasmuch as it encourages the largest possible consumption, Judging from the tone of prices outside the "industrials," the general bill does nct appear to have excited any distrust unfavorable to investments; it must however be taken into account that any adverse bearing of the new tariff policy had already been discounted; and perhaps all that can be properly said is that the publication of the details did not change materially the estimates that had been previously formed. The reductions of duty in the leading schedules are less extreme in many instances than had been expected among manufacturers; and considering that, on the one hand, the old duties raise the prices of imports much above what home producers are selling at, and, on the other hand, that producers will have in many cases important advantages from cheaper raw materials, the impression gains ground that the new duties may not so seriously affect manufacturers as has been feared. Certainly, there is nowwhere any evidence that the bill is viewed as more deranging to industrial interests than it was expected to be; perhaps, as a rule, it is regarded as less threatening. This element, at any rate, has now had its effect on Wall Street, and it has not been such as to materially affect confidence in investments. The "industrial" stocks may be kept unsettled until the bill is finally disposed of by Congress, as the proposed duties on sugar, lead and cordage are likely to be hotly contested in both House and Senate; but beyond that, the future estimate of the bearing legislation upon Stock Exchange interests is not likely to undergo much change, and this will therefore cease to be an important element of fluctuations in price,

Wall Street, however, has at the moment two other occasions for a waiting policy. The utterances of the President's message, expressing the attitude of the Administration upon points of policy about which there is some conflict of opinion in the majority party, is looked for with more than usual interest; and, should the document commend itself to public opinion, it might prove to be an important contribution to the recovery of confidence from the shock it has lately suffered. The prospects of currency legislation also are watched with deep interest; for it is felt that, notwithstanding the present large accumulation of idle money in the banks, another twelve months might quite possibly see it all distributed and new supplies needed; which, as matters now stand, there is no trustworthy means of getting. The plan now under consideration, provides for note issues upon condition that would insure security, elasticity and redemption without pledge of bonds, is gaining in interest, the more so as it appears to be receiving support from high banking opinion, and is understood to be regarded favorably by the Administration. The plan contemplates, among other provisions making the notes a first claim upon the entire asserts of the bank and also upon an extra liability of stockholders equal to the amount of the captial stock; it also provoides for a tax upon the notes, to create a redemption fund upon the notes, to create a redemption fund available for the payment of the notes of any insolvent bank; other clauses are proposed for enforcing quick redemption of the notes and also to secure periodical examination of the banks and the publication of statements of condition. This proposition appears to be rapidly growing in favor, and as matters now stand it seems more likely to be adopted than any other. But, in the present divided state of party opinion on the question, there is some reason to doubt whether this subject may be disposed of during the coming session—an uncertainty which is to be greatly regretted, as one of the things can be least of all afforded at this state of our monetary system.

Outside the foregoing factors dependent upon new legislation, the situation continues to steadily improve. From all parts of the country, reports show a gradual recovery in the state of business. The reduced condition of stocks of goods is forcing buyers into the markets, and though purchases are made cautiously the volume of trade is assuming much larger dimensions. The exchanges of the Clearing Houses are gainingly largely upon those of late months, and the banks are extending their discount operations. The manufactue interests now better understand the conditions under which the new tariff will place them, and are therefore more free to resume work in response to the increasing demand for goods. The industrial interests are also finding relief in the reduction of wages called for by the changed conditions of trade. The extraordinary cheapness of money facilitates the resumption of business; it is beginning to have its effect in encouraging preparations for launching new enterprise, and the conditions are becoming more propitious for the introduction of corporate loans, which were thrown into suspense by the panic. An unusual extent of capital seeking employment is apparent in the specially active demand for corporate mortgages and this demand is stimulated by the indisposition of banks and trust companies to receive important deposits, for the reason that, with the present superabundance of floating balances, they cannot afford to pay interest on funds thus left in their hands. The tendency thus arising to a raise in the price of investment securities is too evident to need comment. A foundation is therefore being laid for an ultimate rise in stocks which nothing short of some unforeseen contingencies could counteract. Under these conditions, we can only regard the present market as one favoring buying operations.

HENRY CLEWS.

COURT WORK.

The second week of court convened on Monday morning with a fair attendance, but very little business ready for transaction. After some delay, however, the case of Joseph Ross vs. Jeremiah Eckenroth was taken up. This was an action of ejectment brought to recover posession of two acres of land in Spring township, near Pleasant Gap. After hearing the evidence the court instructed the jury to find for the plaintiff, which they did without leaving the jury box.

The next case taken up was that of John Glenn vs. Samuel Swabb, an action of replevin to recover possession of a cow. These parties live out in the mountains and the defendant was one of the toughest looking specimens of humanity one generally sees. From the evidence it appeared that he had in his posession a cow which Glenn claimed as his, but which Swabb maintained he had purchased along with other cows, as he was a buyer and seller of cattle. From the looks of the man one would not suppose him able to even think of a cow, let alone purchase one. The case took up most of the afternoon, the jury going out at five o'clock, and returning a verdict for the plaintiff.

In the case of George E. Rider, et al., vs. Samuel Harpster an agreement of settlement was filed. This was an action of ejectment brought to determine the location of the division line between the farms of the litigants and also to recover alleged damages for timber cut by the defendant on the land of the plaintiff. The parties agreed to stand by a line to be run by Ellis Lytle, surveyor, and to leave the question of damages to a board of arbitrators.

The case of Mrs. Lohr vs Philipsburg Borough took up all of to-day (Tuesday). This is a case of appeal from the decision of the Supreme court, on a verdict given Mrs. Lohr in the lower court for upwards of one thousand dollars for damages for an injury occasioned by a defective boardwalk in that borough. The case was tried here over a year ago and Mrs. Lohr won it. The Borough appealed to the Supreme Court and the verdict of the lower court was set aside and a new trial ordered and now it is being tried the second time. There are a large number of witnesses on both sides and the verdict will be watched for with considerable interest by all the surrounding borough authorities.

GATHERING IN.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 5.—P. Gray Meek of the Bellefonte Watchman is here. He contends that his only mission is to see congress convene and he asserts that he always makes it a point to witness the convening of congress and the state legislature. However, Mr. Meek found time this morning to visit the treasury department in the interest of his candidacy for surveyor of the port of Philadelphia, and was seen there by a correspondent examining the indorsements of his rivals.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

President Cleveland's message will completely disappoint the country. Not in what it says, but in what it does not say, for a more tame, empty, inane message could not well be framed. Congress has rarely met with graver or more momentous questions demanding high statesmanship, comprehensive grasp and sure decision. The country expected a virile and illuminating discussion of these transcendant subjects which, whether approved or not, would at least command respect by its vigor and strength. Instead of such a positive and robust treatment, we have nothing but a feeble, rapid summary of department reports, such as any chief clerk might have made. The message shows a strange lack both of grit and grip.

The only question that he argues with any spirit at all is the tariff. Upon this question the country is plainly and bluntly formed that British free trade is directly before us, and that nothing so important claims our attention. The lessons of last November do not count, and Mr. Cleveland says the tariff programme must be carried out utterly regardless of the present condition of labor and industry, and without taking into consideration the recent earnest protest against a change in our fiscal system. He proposes to give the American laborer "a lower rate of wages," that he may have more steady employment; the American manufacturers cheaper raw materials, because "the limited demand for their goods soon fills the narrow market to which they are confined;" the consumer cheaper commodities by giving the foreign producer a larger share of the "narrow market," which is now insufficient for our own manufacturer; and lastly he proposes to make all of his "beloved country" happy and prosperous by increased burdens on the arts and manufacturers in the shape of internal revenue taxes and the revival of that latter day inquisition known as the income tax.

Of all his previous utterances on the tariff question the one given in his message takes precedence as the most illjudged, cold blooded and ignorant.

The admission that a lower wage rate would result from his policy is at last forced from Mr. Cleveland, but he seems to be ignorant of the fact that if the earnings of all persons engaged in the United States in the gainful occupations should be reduced to the level of the same classes in Great Britain the purchasing power of our people would be reduced more than $3,000,000,000 per annum, or by a sum equal to the value of all our agricultural products in 1880. It is this policy of Cleveland's that will make our home market "narrow," because it destroys the consuming powers of the people. The figures in the message contradict his ignorant allusion to the "narrow market" to which American manufacturers are confined, meaning thereby the largest, the most profitable and the most valuable market on the face of the globe. The proposition is first to increase foreign importations to secure national prosperity; to dump more foreign goods into a market now too narrow for the boundless possibilities of the pent up American manufacturer, who, having outgrown his own contracted market, is anxious to chase around the globe for the "markets of the world."

To underestimate the value or importance of our home market is an ignorant and a fatal blunder. This home market of ours is not only the best, but the safest. It has more money to spend, when the blight of British free trade is not spending its deep shadow over it, than all the markets of the world put together, and spends it. It has more miles of railroad, and hence more internal commerce, than all the rest of the world put together. It consumes the most of any market in the world, and hence is more profitable. The masses of our people live better than any other people in the world. It is neither confined nor narrow, but extends from ocean to ocean, and embraces the richest and most productive country the sun ever shone upon. To keep this glorious market for American enterprise and American labor should be as surely the duty of every patriotic and well informed statesman as it is the aim of every foreign nation to secure a foothold to share its breadth and possibilities. For the President of the United States to call our glorisous home market narrow shows the confined range of his own vision and the narrow scope of his own information.

ONLY JUSTICE.

The mining of soft coal in the Snow Shoe, Beech Creek and Clearfield districts has been cut ten cents per ton. The railroad employees engaged in the transportation of soft coal from the mines to Bellefonte have had their wages reduced from ten to fifteen per cent. Under such a state of facts consumers of coal in Bellefonte should be able to purchase their coal at twenty cents per ton less than they are paying for it now. If the poor laborer, who mines and transports the coal is compelled to suffer a cut in his wages, the laborers in this place, in justice and equity, are entitled to purchase the article that much cheaper. If not, the necessity for a cut in miner's wages was a fraud.

A SOLDIER'S DREAM.

[For the Republican by a Centre Co Soldier]

I had a terrible dream last night.
I was sound asleep—no I wasn't quite,—
But yet I was in an awful plight.
My brain with visions teeming;
What I saw and heard I'll tell to you,
And yet it seems 'tis hardly true.
You know I was only dreaming.

I thought I made a trip to—well
That far off land where sinners dwell,
I Forget the name, or else I'd tell.
My memory's failing "blame it;"
But it is some place 'way down below,
Where most good people don't want to go,
And so I'll let you, name it,

The door was open so I stepped in
A lighted room, I heard the din
And clash of dishes, or maybe tin.
To distinguish I was barely able.
But there I saw in a stately row,
A horde of Rebels we used to know,
And Jeff at the head of the table.

While loyal Vest "wiped off his chin."
The Ancient Morgan seemed to grin.
As he said he "wouldn't let Hill come in;"
Although he voted for Grover.
"For hee'd spoil Senatorial courtesy,
And besides you know he twitted me,
'Bout brousing in Rebel clover."

They were having a feast, as I said before,—
And Josiah Quincy was at the door;
He might have been usher, or something more,
Perhaps he was looking for Maynard.
Or some other thief of Ballot Box fame,
Some Tammany Chief; but all the same
He was there this is no canard.

Hoke Smith said he had done his share
To rob the Soldier, while he was there,—
But there was something he must declare,
And he would state it truly;
He had nothing to do with the dirty game,
That filled the civilized world with shame.
The game played at Honolulu.

Now while the great "Hog" was making his speech,
I heard the door give a kind of a screech;
And Quincy exclaimed "beg pardon beseech,
Here comes a great Monami"—
Then in he ushered the great, Q. G.
And linked to his arm the Queen O' the sea
The famed Lilioukalani.

As this modern warwick made his bow,
You ought to have seen the horrible row;—
The old Rebels swore, never 'till now
Had they been so badly insulted;
To send a Union Soldier to H—l,
Siamesed on arm of a cannibal belle,
While the D—L wasn't even consulted.

So out of the windows and doors they flew,
The lights burned low, the room looked blue,
They soon were gone; none in my view
Stopp'd to express their wishes;
But Floyd still lingered behind a chair,
And I tell you truth, that then and there,
He began to steal the dishes.

And then I awoke in some surprise,
As to my whereabouts, rubbing my eyes,
And not being used to telling lies
I felt somewhat disgusted;
At the ways of men whom we call great,
That sway the helm of Church and State,
And their schemes, sometimes get busted.

KANAKA.

BOARD OF TRADE.

It was just 8.15 o'clock Tuesday evening when a quorum was present and the Bellefonte Board of Trade was called to order by President James Harris. Secretary Clement Dale read the minutes of last meeting which were approved. There were no written communications to present to the board. A bill from the *Centre Magnet* for $5.50 for printing backs of envelopes was presented and ordered paid.

Mr. Sechler, on behalf of the committee who visited the town council relative to the Water street boardwalk, stated that he and Mr. Pontius went there; that he done considerable talking which didn't seem to scare them a bit, but as soon as they got a good look at Mr. Pontius they took to their heels and run.

Mr. Robert F. Hunter, on behalf of the banquet committee, stated that a few additional subscriptions had been received and that the minimum price that could be received had been fixed at $2.50 per plate, and the time fixed for Thursday, December 21st. After considerable discussion of the minor details of the proposed banquet, the Board adjourned.

HARD ON THEM.

The action of several councilmen Monday evening in leaving the council chamber before the business was completed, not leaving a quorum for the transaction of business, made it necessary to hold all bills over for two weeks for approval. In the majority of cases, this fact would make no difference, but in the case of the payroll for the borough employees, and especially those who have been compelled to work on the streets in order to get something to live on, it is pretty tough. Men who were looking forward to the few dollars coming to them, and which meant so much for themselves and families, to be told that they could not get their money for another two weeks, and that all through a piece of child's work, would no doubt feel as if this was truly an uncharitable world. But such is life. Men, for personal reasons, when once elected to some small and petty office, will block the wheels of judicial legislation and endeavor to make everything subservient to their wishes.

Conrad Bowland, aged about 80 years, was found dead near the spring on his farm in Carroll township, Cambria county on Thanksgiving Day.

A Hungarian was badly hurt in Scotts' Mines at Ehrenfield on Thursday by a big piece of coal falling on him. His collar bone was broken, and one arm and other parts of his body were badly bruised.

TOUGH POLO PONY.

HOW THE HARDY ANIMAL FARES AMONG COLORADO'S FOOTHILLS.

The Transformation In Appearance and Value That Takes Place After the Little Brute Is Fitted For Approval by Newport's Heavy Swells.

The sun is beating pitilessly down on the brown foothills of Colorado, for it is high noon, and the month is August.

A pony mare, dun in color and only just 14 hands in height, is moving about uneasily, evidently weary, anxious and watchful. Her coat is rough, her ribs show gauntly, and her hoofs are innocent of shoes. Altogether the little mare is not an attractive animal, yet were a horseman to pass by and cast, as he undoubtedly would, a second glance at the pony, he would be sure to see some rare good points in her makeup.

She has a good, intelligent head, fair shoulders, a roomy middle piece and most excellent legs—hard, clean and without the least sign of splint or spavin. Her meanest point is a poor quarter. She is also somewhat goose rumped. Although it might be difficult to prove it, for stud books are not kept very carefully on the ranches, she has a drop of the desert blood, her grandsire being a half bred, imported by an English ranchman somewhere in the 70's.

The air is growing hotter each minute. Far as the eye can reach is the same sun baked, rolling expanse of dried buffalo grass. The mare moves toward a stunted patch of sage bush scrub, and in a second or two has come to where a little foal, scarcely more than a few hours old, is lying panting in the shade. She dares not go very far away, for the lean wolf and hungry coyote would soon make short work of her offspring did they not know that a kick from even an unshod hoof will pulverize the stoutest wolf that ever prowled the plains.

The poor little immature thing would, were it born in the east instead of in the west, be the object of tender solicitude to numerous stablemen, and its every want would be supplied, but here, among the foothills, it will have to be built of pretty good timber to stand the strain of existence. The nearest water is five miles away, and yet that distance will have to be traversed every time the dam has to drink, and even now she cannot resist the temptation much longer.

With a low whinny the gentle creature calls the youngster, and as it comes gamboling up she starts in a direction which her instinct tells her will be a bee line to the nearest spring—a dirty, muddy pool, roiled by cattle, and a favorite haunt of the hungry coyote.

The mare and foal reach their destination in safety, and each day the same dreary path has to be traversed and retraversed. Is it any wonder that the western pony is tough and enduring? Muscles of steel and bones of iron. When in after life the gallant little beast has to carry a heavy 6 foot rider in some cup match at Newport, Cedarhurst or Wenham, it is mere child's play compared with the daily struggle for existence when a foal.

In due season the foal becomes a colt and is taken into the corals of the ranch to which it belongs. Naturally docile, though spirited, it happily gets broken without becoming "mean," though, seeing that Singleshot Mike did the breaking after his usual rough and ready fashion, this is something to be wondered at.

Ridden at the annual roundup, and also at the usual routine work of the ranch by one of the boys, the dun colt, or as it is now called, buckskin, eventually becomes one of the handiest ponies owned by the outfit, and being naturally gifted with a very fair turn of speed, owing to the diluted but still potent drop of desert blood inherited from the imported great-grandsire, finally attracts the attention of the boss and becomes his own especial favorite mount.

The dun pony is now just 5 years old, 14 hands high, and just the stamp to catch a polo player's eye. One fine day Cutaway, the noted horse dealer, comes along, on the lookout for anything that will sell for a good price at Newport. He has an almost unlimited order for really good geldings, but cannot sell more than half a dozen mares during the season, as the eastern players will have nothing to do with them as a rule, much to the bewilderment of the cow punchers, who consider, and rightly enough, too, that the mare is usually more enduring, quicker and handier than the horse or gelding.

Cutaway notes the buckskin at a glance, and although he is far too astute to let on inwardly determines to have the little beggar. Well he knows that he will be amply able to give any sum likely to be demanded by the boss, and still make a handsome profit on the transaction when he gets to Newport.

The scene now shifts a couple of thousand miles to the eastward. The dun was purchased for $150, and it cost another $25 to put him where he is—in a comfortable but unpretentious stable in the rear of the Ocean House. A probable purchaser is expected; the litter in the stall is changed, the pony given a final rubdown, his tail has been docked before starting for the east, and in the sleek, neatly groomed little nag no one would recognize the shaggy, ill kept brute of two months before.

A dogcart stops at the stable door, a dapper groom jumps to the cob's head, and Charley Heavyswell alights to have a look at Cutaway's latest bit of equine perfection. Of all the swagger Newport men Charley Heavyswell is by long odds the most gorgeous. His appearance on this fine June morning is a thing of chastened beauty, but to give him his due he also is a most finished horseman and absolutely fearless. No man in the country can "hustle a sticker—a flier can spare"—quite so well as Charley Heavyswell.

He is languidly pleased at the dun pony and directs that it be sent down to the polo field about 3 p. m., so that he may have a chance to throw a leg over it before the match begins.

The pony acquits himself so creditably for a green un that Cutaway sets the price at $350 and gets a check for that amount before the week is out—something that does not always happen when a Newport man is the buyer, but Charley Heavyswell's pocketbook is a capacious one, and for a man who controls two or three railroads he is uncommonly free with his money.

After this the dun pony's existence is like that of hundreds of other western ponies that have been brought east to play polo. His counterparts may be seen three times a week at Wenhan, Hingham, Newport or Rockaway. They are always good, hardy, little beasts and rarely sick or sorry.—Boston Herald.

Things Would Be Different.

Proud Young Woman—No. I wouldn't marry you if you were the last man in the world.

Proud Youth (rejected but not crushed)—You can bet your sweet life you wouldn't! I'd have to good an assortment to select from.—Chicago Tribune.

SHORN OF THEIR HORNS.

An Operation Necessary to Render Vicious Young Buck Deer Harmless.

Five vigorous young buck deer at the zoo are harmless as a result of operations with lasso and meat saw by Director Smith and his six assistants. Bucks with horns, hard horns, are dangerous to the lives of their mates, their keepers and themselves. Everything about them in their quarters shows the effect of rough usage, even the trees, fences and ground. All the trees in the inclosure have to be protected by iron railings. Otherwise their lives would be torn out by the wicked deer.

Ordinarily a buck's horns are allowed to grow until nature sheds them. If the animals are of a particularly good disposition, this is allowable. But in most cases they become vicious as soon as the velvet has dried and worn off their antlers, and they become dangerous.

The first thing necessary in relieving a buck of its horns is to catch the buck. In an inclosure a lasso is resorted to, and only by those quick with the eye and leg. All the keepers went to the two fallow deer paddocks armed with lassos. Some were as efficient as cowboys. Others resorted to the dodge act, getting behind trees as the bucks dashed for them, full of fight, stamping their feet in righteous rage.

Five beautiful fallow deer occupied the north paddock. One was so fat that the director hesitated about catching it. But as it was the worst of the lot it had to undergo the operation. So much for a bad disposition.

Keeper Snyder laid his plans for that one first. The buck, with lowered head and distorted nostrils, charged the keeper. Snyder dodged and swung his lariat. It missed and fell on the animal's back. Another dash, this time for the other keepers. All got out of the way. One more swing by Snyder, and the loop fell over the buck's horns. A tug-of-war resulted, Keepers Snyder, Holmes, Warren and Cook on one end of the rope and the buck on the other.

Slowly the buck was drawn up to a tree until its antlers went around both sides. Snyder and Warren then seized its legs, and as the animal jumped back threw it. All four of its legs were tied underneath, as a calf is treated on going to market in a farm buggy. The buck's struggles were fearful, and a thin coating of blood and froth appeared at its nostrils. After being secured Keeper Shannon produced a common meat saw, and in two minutes the noble animal had been shorn of its adornments.

It was so weak when released that after a couple of terrific bounds it landed flat on the ground and panted and heaved. While it was recovering the others underwent the same operation. Invariably whenever a lasso was thrown the animals bounded into the air six feet, and the noose fell short. Three thousand spectators saw the battle and cheered the men on.

In one of the buck's charges Keeper Holmes' knee was badly bruised by a blow from the animal's hoofs. If the blow had been square, his leg might have been broken. When released, the bucks bounded away to the iron fence, their heads striking it 10 feet above the ground, only to fall and recover themselves for another charge.

One got his head between the bars, and it being a tight fit the whole fence shook as it tugged and jerked. It seemed as if it would break its neck. Instead, the iron bars, an inch in diameter, bent aside and allowed the head to escape. Another buck charged with such abandon that its nose bled.

The first one clipped was in a bad way for some time. The keepers had to carry it into the house, where it lay fainting and unable to rise. Mr. Smith said the fat had accumulated to such an extent about the animal's heart that the action of that organ was materially affected, and as in the case of an overfat person great excitement was liable to produce heart failure.—New York World.

A Foretaste of Death.

A foreshadowing affecting its subject as with a foretaste of death was that recorded by Charles Mackay of his friend, Mr. Ingram, founder of the London Illustrated News. Traveling together in Switzerland, the two were witnesses one night in Chamounix of one of the thunderstorms that rage with such appalling grandeur amid those mountainous regions. Mackay's raptures over the scene were checked by seeing his friend crouched in a corner on the floor, his face pale, his hair on end with terror. The paroxysm was succeeded by unconsciousness, on recovering from which he told Mackay how, ever since he could remember, he had been possessed of this unaccountable and utterly uncontrollable horror of a thunderstorm.

Some eight years later Mr. Ingram was crossing Lake Michigan when the steamer was run into by a sailing vessel, and amid a scene of terror and confusion, it being night and a violent thunderstorm raging, crew and passengers were precipitated into the waters. As it was five hours before Ingram's body, still warm with recent life, was washed ashore, he must have been struggling all that time—an eternity of suffering to one like him—in the dark, tempestuous waters beneath the lightning riven sky.—London Tit-Bits.

Washing Cooking Utensils.

Sometimes the most careful washing will not wholly remove the flavor or odor of food from the utensil in which it was cooked. This is frequently the case with fish, onions, cabbage, etc., but there is a remedy which may be a little trouble and yet is well worth trying.

After any of these articles have been cooked wash the utensil carefully with soap and water. Now nearly fill it with cold water, and for each quart of water add about a tablespoonful of dissolved washing soda. Place on the fire and let the water get boiling hot. Now turn this water into the sink. Rinse the utensil with clean warm water, and on wiping it dry it will be found perfectly sweet.—Exchange.

Knew His Step.

"Did you know that I passed your door last evening?" said the young man tenderly.

"Of course," replied the beautiful girl, with reproach in her glistening eyes. "Do you not think I would know your step?"

"Certainly," said the happy young man as he directed the conversation away from the subject and avoided remarking that he had passed the door in a cab.—Chicago Record.

Mohammed.

Mohammed was epileptic. He persistently claimed to be a messenger from God, receiving his first revelation at the age of 42. He lost his father in infancy and his mother in childhood; was a traveling merchant and married a wealthy widow 15 years older than himself. His revelations began with visions in sleep. He used to live alone in a cave. He had interviews with the angel Gabriel.—New York Times.

Peerless.

"Your daughter is without a peer."

"Yes, I took her over to England, but she failed to catch one."—Pittsburg Post.

IN OTHER COUNTIES.

Items of Interest Clipped or Condensed From Our Exchanges.

The Fulton County Teachers institute will convene at McConnellsburg, December 19 to 22 inclusive.

The bell of the new St. Bridget's Catholic church at Lilly, Cambria county, will be consecrated to-morrow.

The clothing store of Wolf & Thompson, at Patton, Cambria county, was burglarized a few nights ago of goods worth $55.

Mrs. Jane Dawson, aged about 65 years, was found dead in her home in South Williams[illegible]av. The cause of her demise is supposed to have been apoplexy.

The St. Steven's Lutheran congregation, of Licking Creek, Juniata county on Sunday, November 26, dedicated the handsome bell which now calls the people to services in that edifice.

Coalport Standard: William Swales and wife of Hillsdale, this county, have buried four children from their family since October 31st, all of whom died from attacks of scarlet fever. This is an awful ordeal through which these parents have passed.

Rev. W. E. Stewart, of Mingo Junction, Ohio, has accepted a call to the Presbyterian church, of Alexandria, Huntingdon county, to succeed Rev. A. H. Jolly, who went to Pittsburg. Mr. Stewart preached twe sermons for the congregation and the members were so much pleased that they gave him an unanimous call.

Early Sunday morning, November 26, the Presbyterian church at Fall Creek, Clearfield county, was burned. The building, with its furnishings, was valued at $3,000 and was insured for $1,000. It was dedicated about one year ago. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary, although this is only conjecture. The congregation at Falls Creek numbers about forty and the church will be rebuilt.

A piano in the family of Hon. John Fenlon, Ebensburg, was hauled there from Philadelphia on a sled many years ago cost $1,700. It is still in use. Another old piano [illegible] stands in the office of Dr. F. C. Jones in Ebensburg and is owned by Mrs. John O. Philips, of Pittsburgh. Property now Worth $30,000 in that city was traded by Mrs. Philips' father for the instrument many years ago.

On the afternoon of November 26 a probably fatal runaway accident occured near New Millport, Clearfield county. Fred Hollopeter and Harry Pentz, were driving along the country road with their [illegible], who are sisters, and daughters of Philip Dotts, of Glen Hope, ex-treasurer of Clearfield county. The party was out for a drive to the home of Philip Dotts, Jr., a brother of the ladies. In descending a hill the brake refused to hold and the hack crowded forward upon the horses. The team soon became unmanageable, and rushing down an incline the rigiwas overturned at a turn in the road and the occupants thrown out on the frozen ground. All were more or less injured and Mr. Hollopeter received injuries which may prove fatal. He was badly cut and bruised about the head and sustained serious injury to his back. The others escaped with severe bruises.

SHOULD STAY WHERE HE IS.

Hundreds of delegates attended the convention in Cincinnati to discuss the question of negro emigration to Africa. The American Colonization Society had its origin in a circular issued by two New Englanders the last day of August of 1773. Although the Society received assistance from Congress the total number of persons it planted in its colony in the course of a century was 20,547, of whom 5,722 were Africans captured from the slave traders and returned. In 1847 the colony declared itself the independent State of Liberia, a step necessary to its trade and other interests. It has a population of considerably more than 1,000,000, but according to the latest figures at hand, only 18,000 of these are Afro-Americans. All the rest are from the native tribes. This shows clearly enough that the American negro has little desire to try his fortune in his parent land.

And he is not to be blamed. The reports from Liberia have uniformly shown that he would not have there the opportunities of a livelihood which he has here, because of the enormous supply of cheap native labor sufficiently skilled for the industries of the Republic. The only reason he could have for emigrating is to escape the persecution he suffers in the South. But that cannot last forever, and it is his duty as much as that of anybody else to stand his ground and maintain his rights. Having been given freedom the obligation is upon him to defend it. His freedom is bound up with the freedom of all the rest of us and he should do his share in its behalf.

—In regard to our report of the trial of Christ Miller for furnishing Briny Morrison with intoxicants, inadvertently we stated that Miller got the intoxicants at the Bush House. The positive evidence in the case that Miller got no liquor at the house on the day specified. We make this correction because we desire to do justice to all.

—The funeral of Mrs. Louise Peters, of Unionville, whose death occurred on Thursday, took place last Saturday at 11 o'clock, Rev. Sole, the Baptist minister of Milesburg officiating. The remains were brought to Bellefonte and interred in the Friends cemetery. The pall bearers were Messrs. J. M. Peters, William Peters, Edward Peters, Oscar C. Peters, Alfred Peters and Joseph Peters, all relatives of the deceased lady.

A $225,000 FIRE.

PHILADELPHIA, December 1.—A fire which destroyed about $225,000 worth of property and which for a time menaced an entire block of residences, broke out tonight in the old Thornton worsted mills, Tenth street and Columbia avenue, this city, owned and operated by James F. Cochran & Bro. The fire started in the basement occupied by James Stewart, manufacturer of chenille curtains, and as the building was old and its contents highly inflammable, the flames spread with great rapidity. In a short while the entire building, 144x44 feet and five stories high, was a roaring blaze. A high northeast wind scattered sparks and although nearly all of the city's fire apparatus was on the spot there were grave fears that the flames would get beyond the control of the firemen. The only adjoining property injured fortunately was the building next door on Tenth street occupied by John Micheson, manufacture of tobacco pipes. His establishment was partly destroyed involving a loss of $10.000. Five firemen at work on the roof of this building had a very narrow escape from an awful fate. The roof caught fire under their feet and the horrified crowd watching below turned away to shut out the sight of brave men going to their death. At this juncture a hook and ladder arrived on the scene and the five men were then taken off the roof in safety. All the glass in the windows in the windows in the Preservance mill on the north side of Columbia avenue was broken by the heat and the woodwork was scorched, but the firemen saved the building. Four hosemen were caught under a falling wall and hurt, Peter Rittenhouse, broken leg, and William Hettrick, both legs crushed, being the most severely injured.

The loss on the mill is $225,000, insurance $150,000, of which $52,000 is on the building. It was nearly midnight before the flames were entirely subdued.

A WOMAN MURDERER SUICIDES.

PHILADELPHIA, December 1.—Mrs. Harriet Burrows aged 57 years, who was serving a life sentence in the eastern penitentiary for the murder of her husband, William Burrows, in this city on August 28, 1888, committed suicide this morning by hanging in her cell. The prisoner had been an invalid since her incarceration and a futile attempt to procure a pardon made her despondent and this is believed to have prompted the deed. Mrs. Burrows was convicted of the murder of her husband and sentenced to be hanged, but Governor Beaver commuted the sentence to life imprisonment.

WILL GET ANOTHER TRIAL.

CHESTER, Pa., December 1.—Thomas Rodgers, the youth convicted at the September term of court of murder in the second degree for the killing of his father on January 14 last, will be tried next week on the charge of murderously assaulting his mother and sister at that time. The young murderer has not been sentenced for his crime, the court reserving its decision until the second charge is disposed of.

FLEECED THE FRATERNITY.

A stranger has been working the Odd Fellows of Renovo, and has left the town in better financial circumstances than when he arrived. He was familiar with the signs and grips of the order, but inquiry of his references in Philadelphia, the News says, has developed the fact that the man was a fraud. He gave his name as Reynord, and proved himself a sly old fox.

A MEXICAN BATTLE.

EL PASO, Tex., Dec. 3.—Persons who arrived from Chihuahua this morning confirm reports of revolutionists of a severe battle between the federal troops and the insurgents. They have indisputable proof that last Thursday morning a number of officers were brought in from the west to the army hospital. It was reported that they were ill, but it is positively known that they had been shot in a battle. Where it was fought is not known. Neither can it be learned how many officers were brought in.

The reports of continued movement of federal troops to the west and northwest from Chihuahua have also been confirmed. Gov. Ahumada declared to-day that the El Paso (Tex.) Times shall not be circulated on the Mexican side of the river, but the threat has not yet been made good.

ON REVISED AMERICAN TARIFF.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—The parliamentary commission made a quick decision in favor of the commercial treaty between Germany and Spain. This while not assuring approval of the treaties with Servia and Roumania, is regarded as a partial promise of a government victory.

After the passage of the Servian, Roumanian and Spanish treates the final struggle over the Russian treaty will begin. The expectation in official circles is that the close of this struggle will be announced within a month.

After disposing of the Russian treaty, Chancellor Von Caprivi hopes to make a new commercial convention with the United States on the basis of the revised American tariff. This may be a long look ahead, but the chancellor has already declared his intentions and his friends think that he can now see his way clearly enough to make such plans.

CONGRESSMAN LILLY DEAD.

He Expired at His Home in Mauch Chunk Friday Afternoon.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., Dec. 1.—General William Lilly, congressman-at-large from Pennsylvania, died at his home here this afternoon. He had been ill for some months and his death was due to a complication of diseases. General Lilly was born at Penn Yan, N. Y., June 3, 1821, and removed with his father to Mauch Chunk in 1838. He was employed as a conductor on the Beaver Meadow railroad and subsequently was appointed to a position in the executive department of the road. At the age of 20 he was elected colonel of one of the state militia regiments and subsequently was made brigadier general. He was elected a member of the Pennsylvania house of representatives in 1850 and 1851.

He was a Democrat until 1862, when he became a working Republican. He was a delegate to six national Republican conventions and to every Republican state convention since 1863. He was a strong protective tariff man and was chairman of the New York tariff convention in 1881. He had been engaged in the mining of coal since 1851, was a life member of the Academy of Natural Sciences, of Philadelphia; the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and of the Society of American Mining Engineers. He was elected in 1892 as one of the two congressmen at large from this state as a Republican.

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brilliantly illustrated, describing the quadrupeds of North America in a popular way, by W. T. Hornaday, recently Chief Taxidermist of the U. S. National Museum;

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"RECOLLECTIONS OF WILD LIFE,"

by Dr. Charles Eastman, a full-blooded Sioux Indian, and a graduate of a white man's college (Dartmouth); a description of Indian life—in camp and on the war path,—described from the inside. A novelty in literature.

PAPERS ON THE GOVERNMENT.

"How Money is Made" (the Mint), "How the Treasury is Guarded," How the Government Promotes Ingenuity (the Patent-Office), "The Dead-Letter Office," "With the West Points Cadets," "How Armies Talk to Each Other," "Life on a Man-of-War," etc.

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A PENNSYLVANIA VICTORY ANYHOW.

In an editorial on the P. A. C. and State College foot ball game the Pittsburg *Times* Friday said:

Since the foot ball team which bears the name of Pittsburg was not to find occasion for thanksgiving in the score of the game yesterday, it is consoling that they were beaten in a clean, manly game by a lot of hardy young Pennsylvanians. There is no college more strictly Pennsylvanian in birth, spirit and attendance than the State College, which has grown up among the Bellefonte hills from a small beginning as an agricultural school. Its students come chiefly from Pennsylvania farms, and representing the strong, composite type of Pennsylvania manhood, the mingled blood of the sturdy German and the enterprising Scotch and Irish. That's the stuff that makes strong men and good foot ball players, solidity coupled with activity and animated with never-say-die courage. The men who win, in larger contests for weightier stakes than those of the foot ball field, are those who learn to keep their eye on the ball and their face to the goal, regardless of an occasional sprain or a bat on the nose. That's Pittsburg fashion and Pennsylvania fashion, and there are costlier schools to learn it in than the foot ball field. Let us have foot ball clean and manly, without brutality, by all means, but deliver us from a generation of mollycoddles, even at the expense of an occasional bloody nose.

—We are pleased to hear that Mr. Ross Ellenberger, son of William Ellenberger, of Ferguson township, who has been suffering for three months or more with inflammatory rheumatism, is now able to be around again and soon bids fair to recover his usual good health.

Bogus! Bogus white lead would have no sale did it not afford makers a larger profit than Strictly Pure White Lead.

The wise man is never persuaded to buy paint that is said to be "just as good" or "better" than

Strictly Pure White Lead

The market is flooded with spurious white leads. The following analyses, made by eminent chemists, of two of these misleading brands show the exact proportion of genuine white lead they contain:

Misleading Brand

"Standard Lead Co. Strictly Pure White Lead. St. Louis."

Materials	Proportions	Analyzed by
Barytes	59.36 per cent.	Regis Chauvenet
Oxide of Zinc	34.18 per cent.	& Bro.,
White Lead	6.46 per cent.	St. Louis.

Less than 7 per cent. white lead.

Misleading Brand

"Pacific Warranted Pure [A] White Lead."

Materials	Proportions	Analyzed by
Sulphate of Lead	4.18 per cent.	Ledoux & Co.,
Oxide of Zinc	45.04 per cent.	New York.
Barytes	50.68 per cent.	

No white lead in it.

You can avoid bogus lead by purchasing any of the following brands. They are manufactured by the "Old Dutch" process, and are the standards:

"Armstrong & McKelvy"
"Beymer-Bauman" "Fahnestock"
"Davis-Chambers"

For sale by the most reliable dealers in paints everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card to do so.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.,
1 Broadway, New York.
Pittsburgh Branch,
National Lead and Oil Co. of Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CLOTHES REPAIRED AND CLEANED.

I have opened a shop at corner of Allegheny and Howard streets, in old law office next door to residence of John P. Linn, where I am prepared to do repairing and cleaning of clothes. Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a trial.

CHARLES McCLELLAN.

10-tf.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by Druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

IN OTHER COUNTIES.

Items of Interest Clipped or Condensed From Our Exchanges.

The Houtzdale Advance has abolished its old hand press and now prints its edition on a fine new Hoe cylinder.

Mrs. Jacob Kuhn, of Centre township, Perry county, aged 57 years, and Solomon E. Taylor, of Millerstown, aged 66, are recent deaths in Perry county.

Frederick W. Davis, eldest son of Captain Thomas Davis, died at his home in Ebensburg Wednesday at noon. He was about 28 years old, and leaves a wife and one child, the latter aged 8 months.

The dreaded reduction in the price of mining has at last reached Philipsburg. Notice was posted Tuesday at all the mines that the price of mining would be reduced 10 per cent, to take effect December 1.

The barn of Crise & Cramer in Lincoln township, Somerset county, was entirely destroyed by fire recently. The fire started in a shed near the barn and evidently was the work of an incendiary. The loss will reach $1,200.

A hunting party from Cooper township, Clearfield county, who have been located at the headwaters of Trout Run during the past month, report having killed four deer, three bears, six wild cats, ten foxes and twenty-three pheasants, besides porcupines and rabbits too numerous to mention.

Tuesday morning Mrs. James B. C. Wells, of Williamsport, discovered that some one had entered her room the night before and taken from beneath her pillow a pocketbook containing about $11. The thief had entered the house through a window amd departed by way of the kitchen door, after having enjoyed a smoke in one of the rooms down stairs.

Masked burglars entered the store of Daniel Goodlander, at Luthersburg, Clearfield county, between 12 o'clock Sunday night and 4 a. m. Monday, and blew open the safe, but finding no money in it turned their attention to stealing goods, of which they took several hundred dollars' worth. To remove the goods they appropriated a horse and buggy belonging to S. H. Ellinger and made good their escape.

Miss Mainey, the pretty 18-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Wagner, of Heshbon, Indiana county, was found dead in bed at 7 o'clock on Monday morning by her father. The same afternoon an inquest was held at the home of her parents and the jurors rendered a verdict that she met death at own hands by taking poison. Dr. T. F. Klages, of Armaugh, held an autopsy on the body, and found that such had been the case.

Mifflintown Sentinel and Republican: James Horning, of this town, was out gunning last Friday, north of Espenschade's farm. He shot a hawk that measured four feet two inches from the tip of one to the tip of the other wing. Extending the hunt to Shade mountain he aroused a bear from its lair in a cluster of laurel bushes, but de failed to get a shot at the animal, and realized the disappointment of being so near and yet so far away.

THE SECRET OF LONGEVITY.

Miss Eliza Work, a vivacious denizen of Henrietta, N. Y., who slyly confesses to a round one hundred summers, declares that she has never had occasion to use spectacles and that "my teeth are the same teeth I have always had." She ascribes her longevity and preservation to the fact that she never drank tea or coffee, and "above all, that she never got married." Her brother, she avers, might have been alive to-day had he not contracted the connubial habit. He also drank—tea and coffee. As a result he died at the age of 101 years.

It is not surprising, therefore, to hear Miss Work solemnly admonish the human race to abjure marriage. Her injunction seems to be reasonable enough in some respects, so far as the present is concerned. To be "sans teeth and sans eyes," as Shakespeare has it, would certainly be annoying. The difficulty is that there would be so me embarrassment in finding future generations who would observe the advice. Nevertheless, we are glad to hear Miss Work speak out, even though in so doing she must call attention to the mistaken course of her own parents.

DEATH OF MRS. PETERS.

Mrs. Louise Peters, of Unionville, died at the home of her son in Boggs township Thursday morning, after a brief illness with pneumonia. Mrs. Peters was born in 1820, and was therefore 78 years of age. She was the mother-in-law of our esteemed townsman, Mr. Charles Smith, ex-treasurer of Centre county. The funeral will take place on Saturday morning at 11 o'clock, from deceased's home in Unionville. Interment will be made in the Friends cemetery in this place.

HOUSE BURNED.

Thursday afternoon, while the family were all away from home, the house of Howard Tipton caught fire, apparently on the roof, and before help could arrive the flames had gained such headway they could not be checked and the house, which was one of the finest in Howard borough, was burned to the ground. The loss will be about $3,000, only partially insured.

—It is pretty hard on a man when he is in love with a pretty maiden and the all absorbing passion is not reciprocated. But when, to dampen his affections the self-same maiden douses an entire panful of dishwater on him, it is cruel, oh, so cruel! For full particulars of this affair inquire of the scribe of the uptown daily.

STILL ANOTHER BLUNDER.

The last Pennsylvania State Legislature deserves the prize for bungling and blundering. It apparently has beaten all its predecessors in unintentionally or unintelligently changing the law and changing it for the worse. It suspended the marriage license law until October 1, 1895, and not a creature knew it. By another misstep it repealed the law authorizing the incorporation of electric companies in this State. It changed the holiday act in such a fashion that the State Superintendent of Public Instruction can find no warrant of law for closing the public schools on Thanksgiving Day. It tampered with the married woman's act so as to make what was before plain of doubtful interpretation, and the law itself less beneficial to married women than it was before.

The Legal Intelligencer in its last issue publishes a letter from a lawyer who has been examining the pamphlet laws of this year, recently published, in which a new blunder is reported, the consequence of which will be extremely inconvenient. An amendment to the old law of 1775 provides that all deeds executed within this Commonwealth must be acknowledged before a Judge of the Supreme Court or before a Judge, Recorder, Prothonotary or Notary of the county wherein said conveyed lands lie. Under this act anyone living in Philadelphia and wishing to convey lands situated in Erie county and not able to find a Judge of the Supreme Court of this city must either go to Erie county to make the acknowledgement or have a notary of that county to come to Philadelphia. Except that acknowledgements for deeds for property situated outside the county of the granter is made more costly, dilatory and inconvenient no apparent purpose what. ever is secured by this change in the law.

The laws of the last session have not been published a great while, and have not been passed on by the courts at all, so the record of the blunders of the session cannot yet be considered as closed. The list up to date, however, is most disgraceful. It shows that laws are passed without intelligent scrutiny. Amendments in them are made unnecessarily and with such carelessness that the patches do not fit in or harmonize with the original cloth but often rather change its character and destroy its usefulness. The need of a commission of expert lawyers to revise the work of the Legislature and put it into harmonious, consistent and workable shape before final enactment has been often urged, and our biennial book of laws is a strong argument in support of such a scheme. The laws of 1893 are much worse than usual. They are a reproach to the Legislature which passed and to the Executive who approved them.

DEATH AT TUSSEYVILLE.

Mr. Jacob Meese, an old resident of Tusseyville, died on Wednesday afternoon, after an illness of several weeks. Dr. McGehon informs us he called to see Mr. Meese on Tuesday evening and found him under the effects of a stroke of apoplexy and unconscious. Wednesday noon the Dr. again called, but he died shortly after the Dr. reached there.

Mr. Meese was a highly respected citizen; honest and upright in every thing, and a Christian in his conduct. He was kind to the poor and a most obliging neighbor always willing to do a favor. He never willfully sought to harm any one. As a husband and father he was a model. That community has lost a good man.

Mr. Meese was 63 years of age. He leaves a widow and four children, viz:—Mary, wife of George Bitner; George, John dead, William in Illinois, Sally dead, and Jacob at Bellefonte.

THE CUT IN MINERS' WAGES.

PHILIPSBURG, PA., Dec 1.—Nearly 1,000 miners of the Beech Creek region assembled here to-day to take action on the notice of a 10 per cent. reduction December 1. Representatives of the Clearfield region were present and after a three-hours' discussion the Beech Creek miners agreed to act jointly with the miners of the Houtzdale district, notices of a reduction on December 10 having been posted there.

Representatives from this region will attend a mass meeting of the Clearfield miners at Houtzdale to-morrow.

The miners will likely accept the reduction after securing a few minor concessions from the operators, such as cash payment, net weight, etc.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—Keifer, a member of the junior class at State College, was taken from his room in the main dormitory Wednesday morning by a crowd of ten masked students. They took him to a neighboring wood and beat him until he was insensible. He lay where he was left by his assailants until he was found by workmen about 6 o'clock. His condition is serious. The cause for the assault is said to be the reporting of two cadets to the commandant for disorderly conduct in their room. The college authorities are searching for the offenders.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

AN INCOME TAX.

It will be a Feature of the New Internal Tax Schedule.

WASHINGTON, November 30.—An income tax will be a conspicuous feature of the internal tax schedule upon which the majority members of the ways and means committee are now working. The details of the plan are gradually assuming a definite form. It will exempt individual income and will apply only in a general way to inheritances and corporations. The date furnished by the treasury department shows that during the ten years the tax was in existence the receipts in round numbers were $347,000,000. High water wark was reached in 1866. During that year the receipts aggregated $73,000,000, and in the year following they were $67,000,000. The great increase in population and wealth since then leads the committee to believe that a tax on corporations alone will furnish a considerable amount of the revenue needed to supply the deficit caused by the reduction in tariff duties.

Chairman Wilson now believes that $25,000,000 will cover the decrease in revenue from imports caused by the bill just made public.

He reached this conclusion after a careful examination of the new tariff bill, and this conclusion is shared by Secretary Carlisle, with whom the chairman has had repeated conferences.

A tax of ten cents a pack on playing cards has been suggested, and will, no doubt, he adopted, as all the majority members regard the proposition favorably.

The committe have reached no understanding as yet regarding whisky. It is not likely that the tax will be increased beyond ten cents a gallon, with a probability that it may remain untouched.

SOUP KITCHEN FOR WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec. 3.—A soup kitchen will be opened here this week, not to give food as a gratuity, but to furnish the poor a substantial meal at the lowest possible cost. The grocers, butchers, bakers and others will furnish supplies at cost, so that merely nominal prices will be charged for meals. The prospects were never so forbidding for the very poor in this community as they are at this time. While Washington may be in better shape than many of the neighboring towns, the situation is very bad.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

It Never fails to Cure—MANNERS DOUBLE EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

The Change of Life.

Women nearing this critical period require strength, health, and cheerful spirits.

The sole aim of this time should be to keep well.

The invaluable aid always is *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.*

The girl about to enter womanhood can find the same assistance from the same source.

Mrs. W. W. Culner, Palatka, Fla., writes:—

"I was in ill health from change of life. I took your compound and am now well. I recommend it as the best remedy for all weakness through the many changes which all women have to pass from early life to the grave."

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills. 25 cents.

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY

LIKE

Sheridan's Condition Powder!

KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS

Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.

Good for Moulting Hens.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six more to prevent Roup," says one customer. If you can't get it send to us. Ask first. Sample for 25 cts. in stamps, five packs $1. Large 2 1-4 lb. can, by mail, $1.00. Six large cans, $5, express prepaid. Sample copy of The Best Poultry Paper sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.50. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass

BETTON'S PILE SALVE

A Positive Cure FOR PILES.

In use over 30 years. Simple. Effective. Wonderful. Highest testimonials. At druggists, or mailed on receipt of price—50c. per box.

WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO., Props., Baltimore, Md.

RUPTURE! Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer 1231 Arch St. Phila. Pa. Ease at once. No operation or business delay. Thousands of cures. Dr. Mayer is at Hotel Penn, Reading, Pa., second Saturday of each month. Send for circulars. Advice free.

DIDN'T TELL THE VALUE OF HIS PROPERTY.

READING, Pa., Dec. 3.—On warrants sworn out by officials of several Reading banks, Major I. C. Becker, a prominent member of the Reading bar, gave bail at a late hour last night before Magistrate Brownell to answer the charge of making misrepresentation as to the value of his property. He was a member of the cigar manufacturing firm of Heere, Kock & Co. which failed, and obtained money from the banks, nearly $40,000, it is alleged by their officials, by misrepresenting the value of his real estate. The banks have already issued attachment executions to recover.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

It never fails to cure—MANNERS double extract SARSAPARILLA. 50c. everywhere

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

DO YOU COUGH

DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM

THE BEST COUGH CURE

C

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

WE WANT YOU

to act as our agent. We furnish an expensive outfit and all you need free. It costs nothing to try the business. We will treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Any one any where can earn a great deal of money. Many have made Two Hundred Dollars a Month. No class of people in the world are making so much money without capital as those at work for us. Business pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than any other offered to agents. You have a clear field, with no competition. We equip you with everything, and supply printed directions for beginners which, if obeyed faithfully, will bring more money than will any other business. Improve your prospects! Why not? You can do so easily and surely at work for us. Reasonable industry only necessary for absolute success. Pamphlet circular giving every particular is sent free to all. Delay not in sending for it.

GEORGE STINSON & CO., Box No. 488, Portland, Me.

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OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

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$10.00 worth of lovely Music for Forty Cents, consisting of 200 pages full size Sheet Music of the latest, brightest, liveliest and most popular selections, both vocal and instrumental, gotten up in the most elegant manner, including four large size Portraits.

CARMENCITA, the Spanish Dancer,
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ADELINA PATTI and
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ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO

THE NEW YORK MUSICAL ECHO CO.

Broadway Theatre Bldg., New York City.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Dec. 19, 1897.

STATIONS	Dis	WESTWARD A.M	A.M	P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 25	4 15
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 29	4 18
Mill Hall	3.0	4 46	9 31	4 21
Beech Creek	8.3	4 56	9 42	4 33
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	9 45	4 45
Howard	14.5	5 07	9 54	4 50
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	10 02	4 57
Curtin	19.9	5 18	10 09	5 05
Milesburg	23.5	5 25	10 18	5 15
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 35	10 28	5 25
Milesburg	25.5	5 45	10 38	5 35
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 48	10 43	5 43
Unionville	28.5	5 55	10 51	5
Julian	32.9	6 05	11 00	5
Martha	37.0	6 13	11 09	5
Port Matilda	40.4	6 21	11 17	6
Hannah—f	43.7	6 28	11 25	6
Fowler—f	45.0	6 30	11 29	6
Dix—f	46.3	6 32	11 32	6
Bald Eagle	49.5	6 38	11 38	6
Vail	51.2	6 42	11 43	6
East Tyrone	53.0	6 46	11 48	6
TYRONE	54.3	6 52	11 55	6

STATIONS	Dis	EASTWARD A.M	P. M.	P.M.
TYRONE		8 10	3 10	7 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 17	3 17	7 32
Vail	3.1	8 20	3 20	7 35
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 25	3 24	7 39
Dix—f	8.6	8 30	3 30	7 45
Fowler—f	9.3	8 32	3 33	7 48
Hannah—f	10.6	8 36	3 37	7 52
Port Matilda	13.9	8 43	3 44	7 59
Martha	17.3	8 51	3 52	8 07
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 01	8 16
Unionville	25.8	9 10	4 10	8 25
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	4 17	8 32
Milesburg	30.8	9 22	4 20	8 35
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 32	4 30	8 45
Milesburg	30.8	9 47	4 40	9 00
Curtin	34.4	9 56	4 46	9 07
Mt Eagle—f	36.5	10 02	4 50	9 15
Howard	39.8	10 09	4 57	9 22
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 17	5 15	9 30
Beech Creek	45.0	10 20	5 08	9 33
Mill Hall	51.3	10 31	5 19	9 44
Flemington	52.5	10 34	5 24	9 47
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 37	5 25	9 50

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 19th, 1897.

Westward Dis.	A.M	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	P.M
4 80	10 00	SCOTIA	25.6	9 21	4 40
5 65	10 18	5.5 Fairbrook	20.3	9 09	4 25
5 15	10 28	8.7 Penna. Furnace	16.2	8 58	4 15
5 21	10 34	10.6 Coster	15.0	8 52	4 08
5 26	10 46	12.8 Marengo	12.8	8 42	4 01
5 32	10 52	13.8 Loreville	17.1	8 37	3 55
5 39	10 58	15.2 Furnace Road	10.4	8 31	3 49
5 43	11 04	15.8 Dungarvin	9.8	8 27	3 46
5 53	11 10	18.2 Warriors Mark	7.4	8 19	3 38
6 03	11 20	20.5 Pennington	5.1	8 10	3 30
6 15	11 32	23.5 Stover	2.1	7 59	3 19
6 25	11 40	25.6 TYRONE		7 50	3 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Dec. 19th, 1897.

Dis. Westward			Eastward		
			P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
0	5.45	2.00 MONTANDON	5.30	9.10	4 15
1.5	6.15	2.08 Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.00	4 07
1.5	6.15	2.08 Lv. LEWISBURG Ar	.....	9.30	4.37
5.4	6.21	2.17 Biehl	.....	8.5	4.29
6.8	6.28	2.22 Vicksburg	.....	8.47	4.25
10.7	6.37	2.31 MIFFLINBURG	.....	8.8	4.27
12.1	6.42	2.36 Buffer	.....	8.33	4.22
13.3	6.47	2.41 Swengle	.....	8.27	4.17
15.1	7.00	2.48 Millmont	.....	8.25	4.15
15.6	7.58	3.51 GLEN IRON	.....	8.17	4.07
22.5	7.07	3.09 Pardee	.....	8.08	3.59
23.9	7.18	3.11 Cherry Run	.....	7.57	3.48
29.3	7.27	3.20 Paddy Mt. Tunnel	.....	7.48	3.40
33.9	7.31	3.23 Ingleby	.....	7.45	3.37
36.6	7.38	4.39 Coburn	.....	7.38	3.30
39.6	7.43	4.37 Zerby	.....	7.30	3.23
43.4	7.55	4.47 Rising Springs	.....	7.21	3.14
46.2	8.02	4.53 Penn'sCave	.....	7.14	3.07
49.2	8.09	4.01 CENTRE HALL	.....	7.06	3.01
51.5	8.16	4.07 Gregg	.....	7.00	2.54
54.6	8.23	4.13 Linden Hall	.....	6.52	2.47
56.7	8.27	4.18 OAK HALL	.....	6.47	2.42
59.3	8.32	4.22 LEMONT	.....	6.43	2.37
60.2	8.37	4.27 Dale Summit	.....	6.38	2.33
62.9	8.47	4.37 Pleasant Gap	.....	6.28	2.23
65.2	8.56	4.46 Axeman	.....	6.25	2.20
67.4	8.55	4.45 BELLEFONTE	.....	6.23	2.15

For rates, maps, etc., call on ticket agent or address Thos. E. Watt. P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, Asst Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, April 4th, 1892, trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

EASTWARD						WESTWARD				
12	10	8	1	2		1	3	7	9	11
pm	pm	pm	am	am	Ar—Lv	am	am	pm	pm	pm
6 35		3 50		9 05	Bellefont	6 30		10 30		4 40
6 28		3 44		8 59	Coleville	6 37		10 35		4 45
6 25		3 41		8 56	Morris	6 40		10 38		4 48
6 22		3 38		8 52	Whitmer	6 44		10 43		4 51
6 19		3 35		8 49	Linns	6 47		10 46		4 54
6 17		3 33		8 47	Hunters	6 50		10 48		4 56
6 14		3 31		8 44	Fillmore	6 53		10 52		5 00
6 11		3 28		8 40	Sellers	6 57		10 56		5 03
6 09		3 26		8 38	Briarly	7 00		10 58		5 05
6 05	6 00	3 23	8 25	8 36	Waddle	7 05	7 10	11 01	5 10	5 10
6 02	8 50	3 20	8 20	8 30	Mattern J	7 08	7 14	11 03	5 13	5 12
	5 46		8 17		Graysdale		7 19		5 16	
	5 43		8 12		Mattern		7 24		5 20	
	5 40		8 03		Stormstown		7 29		5 23	
	5 35		8 00		Red Bank		7 35		5 30	
5 51		3 08		8 18	Krumr'ne	7 21		11 13		5 24
5 48		3 05		8 14	Struble	7 24		11 17		5 27
5 45		3 00		8 10	St. College	7 30		11 20		5 30

Train 2 connects with trains east and west on B. E. V. R. R. and S. S. branch, and train 8 connects with train east on B. E. V. R. R.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Dec. 18th, 1892.

		WESTWARD.	
ERIE MAIL	leaves Phila daily	.... 11 20	p m
"	" Harrisburg	... 3 35	a m
"	" William'port	... 7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore	... 7 31	a m
"	" Lock Haven	... 7 55	a m
"	" Renovo	... 8 55	a m
"	arrives Erie	... 3 40	p m
NIAGRA EX.	l'ves Phila week d'ys..	8 50	a m
"	" Harrsburg	...12 10	p m
"	arrives at Wmsport	... 3 00	p m
"	" Lock Haven	... 4 10	p m
"	" Renovo	... 5 15	p m
"	" Kane	... 9 20	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		..... 5 15	p m
FAST LINE	leaves Phila. week days.	11 40	a m
"	" Harrisburg	...3 45	p m
"	" Williamsport	... 7 10	p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven	...8 02	p m
"	" Renovo	... 9 00	p m
NEWS EX.	l'ves Philadelphia daily	4 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg	..... 8 10	a m
"	" Williamsport	.....11 20	a m
"	arrives at Lock Haven	..... 12 15	p m
Wms'port Ex.	l'vs Phila. week days	4 55	p m
"	" Harrisburg	..... 7 55	p m
"	" arrive Williamsport	10 40	p m
Rochester Exp.	leaves Phila. w'k d's	9 20	p m
"	" Harrisb'g	12 30	a m
"	" arrives Williamsp't	3 23	a m
Williamsp't	" leaves Phila. Sun. only	2 25	p m
"	" Harrisb'g	5 25	p m
"	" arrives Williamsp't	8 35	p m
	EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore Express	l'vs L Haven w	7 15	a m
"	" Jersey Shore	7 41	a m
"	" Wms'port	8 15	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	11 30	a m
"	" Phila	3 00	a m
DAY EX.	leaves Kane week days..	6 30	a m
"	" Renovo	10 20	a m
"	" Lock Haven	11 20	a m
"	" Williamsport	12 30	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 30	p m
"	" Philadelphia	6 50	p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie daily	3 25	p m
"	" Renovo	10 35	p m
"	" Lock Haven	11 25	p m
"	" Williamsport	12 25	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 30	p m
"	" Philadelphia	6 50	p m
EXP. NO. 6	leaves Erie	7 25	a m
"	" Kane	11 10	a m
"	" leaves Renovo	4 45	p m
"	" arrives at Harrisburg	10 05	p m
"	" Philadelphia	4 25	a m
WMS'PORT EXP.	lv,s Wms'port	3 25	a m
"	" arrives at Harrisburg	6 10	a m
"	arrives at Philadelphia	10 20	a m
Philada. Accom.	leaves Williamsp't	4 00	p m
"	" Harrisburg	7 30	p m
"	" arrives Philada. at	10 55	p m

Erie Mail West, Niagra Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with B. P. & W. N. N.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with B. V. R. R.

LSON Passenger Agent

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating; Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 329 W. 42th St., N. Y.

Cures Sick Headache

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	65	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash EDWARD T. TUTEN.

EXPERIMENT STATION NOTES.

Bulletin No. 24 of the Station, just issued, gives the results of an experiment by Professor Waters and Caldwell and Mr. Weld upon the question of the most profitable amount of food for a milch cow.

In these experiments, ten cows were fed a ration beginning with 8 lbs, of grain and 12 lbs. of hay and gradually increasing up to as high as 19 lbs, of grain and 27 lbs, of hay per day and head, and then gradually decreasing to the original amount Throughout the experiment, accurate notes were taken of the amount and cost of the food, the amount of milk produced by each animal and its butter value as determined by the Babcock test.

Perhaps the most striking lesson of the experiment is the demonstration it gives of the profit there is in liberal feeding. The cheapest ration used cost 18.8 cts. per day and produced butter valued at 26.5 cts, making a net profit of 7.7 cts. per day per cow. An increase of 2.9 cts per day per cow in the cost of this ration made the daily value of the butter 31 cts. and the net profit 9.3 cts. per day or a difference of 1.6 cts. per day per cow in favor of the more costly ration. In other words, the farmer who attempted to economize by feeding the cheaper ration would with a herd of 25 cows, save $217.60 per year on his feed bills, but would lose $337.50 worth of butter that he might have produced with the more costly ration, so that his illjudged attempt at economy would result in a net loss of $120.000

The cheaper ration, moreover, is what would ordinarily be considered a good ration, and the majority of dairymen would be likely to feed less rather than more, yet the result of this bulletin show conclusively that which cows as these, the more expensive ration was really the more economical.

A further increase of the cost of the ration, however, to 25.1 cts. per day gave no further increase in the butter product, and the net profit was thereby cut down to 5.9 cts. per day or 1.8 cts. less than with the cheapest ration of the three. In other words, the experiments indicate that there is a certain medium ration for each cow which will give the greatest net profit and that any attempt to econemize by feeding less than this will result in a loss, while, on the othor hand, it is possible to feed a cow too much as well as too little. Generally, however, there is no danger of feeding too little than too much.

The experiment also brings out in a striking light the great individual differences in cows and the great importance of a careful study by the dairyman of each individual of his herd, both as regards the amount of milk and butter produced and the cost of feed consumed. The net profit yielded by each one of the ten cows used in this experiment was the greatest on the medium ration, but it varied in amount from 22 cents per day to 94 cents per day, equivalent, for a milking period of 300 days, to $6.60 and $72.00 respectively.

The increased profit coming from the better feeding, too, varied greatly with different animals, some responding promptly and freely to the increase, while on others it produced but little effect.

The figures of the bulletin show likewise what great differences in profit there may be between cows producing very nearly the same total amount of milk and butter per year. For example, the records show that last year,

Marguerite produced, 8,459 lbs. of milk and 296 lbs. of butter.

Ramona produced, 5,459 lbs. of milk and 279 lbs. of butter.

By the customary standard of comparison, Marguerite would have been regarded as the superior animal, barring difference in breeding, etc., and would have commanded the higher price. On comparing the daily net profit returned by these animals, however, we find a remarkable difference not indicated or suggested by the butter and milk records.

Assuming that they remain fresh for 300 days and taking the average net profit per day of all periods, we have a yearly profit for

Marguerite of .....$31.50.
Ramona of 61.50,

On this basis, at the end of six years, which, for this case, we assume to be the productive life of a cow, and disregarding the offspring, they would have made a total net return of

Marguerite.....$189.00
Ramona.....369.00

This means that Marguerite would have yielded ten per cent. compound interest on a purchase price of $106, while Ramona would have paid the same dividend on a purchase price of $208.

Again, in the case of Bianca producing 5,556 pounds of milk and 332 pounds of butter last year, we have the following exhibit:

Average daily net profit for all periods 49 cts
Total net profit for one year, ...$14.70
Total net profit for six years, ...88.20

The reader may regard these as extreme cases, and yet they were selected from the ten animals used in this experiment and there is no reason to doubt that as great difference might be found in any ordinary herd.

The annual reports and quarterly bulletins of the Station will be sent, free of charge, on application. Correspondence on agricultural subjects is desired. Address.

H. P. ARMSBY, Director,
State College,
Centre Co., Pa.

A ROMANCE.

She was fair—and my passion begun!
She smiled—and I could not but love!
But when from afar I detected *catarrh*,
No beauty my passion could move!

In despair she sought doctors in vain
Till she learned of "Humanity's boon;"
Now her breath is as sweet as the dew
Which falls upon roses in June.

To-night, as we sit in our home,
And I kiss her sweet lips o'er and o'er,
We bless Dr. Sage in our bliss,
For the joy that he brought to our door.

There is no disease more trying to friendship than catarrh! The constant effort to clear the throat and nose, the foul breath, all the features of the disease, make it as much dreaded by the friend as by the victim. Humanity has cause to bless Dr. Sage for his "Catarrh Remedy." The manufacturers offer to forfeit $500 for any case they cannot cure.

OF INTEREST TO COAL MINERS.

The two appended items are taken from the Hastings, (Cambria county) Tribune of last week:

On Wednesday notices were posted in the mines of the Berwind-White Coal company at Punxsutawney and in Patton, to the effect that after December 1, only 40 cents per gross ton will be paid for mining. This is a heavy reduction and has caused considerable agitation among the miners. It is alleged that the cut is made necessary by the condition of the market and it is probable that a similar reduction will be attempted here.

The immense coal and coke plant of the Chest Creek Coal and Coke company, at this place, which has been shut down for several months, may resume operations in a short time. Mr. J. L. Mitchell, the owner of the plant, has informed his superintendent, Mr. W. C. Shiffer, that he can obtain an order for 3,000 cars of coke per month, but it can only be secured at figures which will enable him to pay 35 cents per ton on the coal. The price paid in this region is now 50 cents, and Mr. Mitchell assures the men that the reduction will only last until the market improves.

Specialists are devoting much time to the study of the Tobacco, Opium and Drink Habit, but Hill's Chloride of Gold Tablets are the only remedy yet discovered which works a speedy, permanent cure. Using them, the patient can continue his practices until gradually one of his own accord, he loses the desire and finds himself free from the fetters of his terrible curse. Ask your local druggist for Hill's Chloride of Gold Tablets and take no other.

—The Montgomery "Transcript" tells us that "The Plattdeutscheuvogelsschuetzengessellschaft contemplates taking a trip in the near future over the line of the Electristhesstrasseeisenbahnwagengengessellschaft."

Ripans Tabules are always ready.

James Heber Dorman
of Shy Beaver, Pa.

Cured of Scrofula

The People will have Hood's

Mr. Dorman's Experience

"My boy, now 9 years old, had Scrofula in one eye from the time he was a baby; discharging all the time. Of late we have been giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it has done all that medicine can do. The Scrofula has disappeared, and his eye is healed up and well. I

Hood's Cures

fully believe Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine in the market. I keep a general store, and it is not a trick to sell Hood's Sarsaparilla for the people will have it. I sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than all other medicines together and the store would not be complete

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

without it. My wife has also been entirely cured of Scrofula by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I am heartily thankful for what it has done for us." JOHN DORMAN, Shy Beaver, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache. Try a box. 25c.

OUR POETS.

Powerful Words and Noble Thoughts.

HOW CLOSELY ARE THEY RELATED TO OUR DAILY LIVES.

What One of Our Foremost Ladies Thinks About It.

Henry W. Longfellow has said in one of his most popular poems that "All things come round to him who will but wait."

How true it certainly is that if we have but the patience to wait and struggle for that which we so much desire, the prize will surely be ours. It is not enough, however, to sit quietly down and remain inert, but if we would accomplish great results we must possess untiring perseverance.

At least one person appreciates the full significance of the great man's words. Miss S. Cohen of 554 South 6th st., Camden, N. J., has for months been waiting, longing and striving to regain that health without which life is at best but a dreary existence.

She has been constantly treating with different remedies and physicians but never once lost courage, for she had made up her mind that there was a remedy which would cure her and was determined to find it. She succeeded so well and is so filled with gratitude and thankfulness that she wishes the whole world could know of her wonderful cure.

The following is a letter written by her for the public benefit:

"I suffered for over a year with severe pains in my head and could not keep

MISS S. COHEN.

anything on my stomach. Iwas so nervous and weak that I could not hold a glass in my hand, and the doctors pronounced it nervous prostration. I changed doctors and found no relief. My friends advised me to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and after using four bottles I experienced a great change. I am now entirely cured and am anxious to recommend this valuable medicine to everyone suffering from similar complaints. I hope it will do as much good to others as it has to me."

What more beautiful interpretation of our beloved poet's remark, than to be suddenly restored, after long suffering from pain, to a life of happiness and usefulness.

Have not all cause to thank Dr. Greene, who gave to the world the fountain of hope and health!

Why indeed should we suffer with such a remedy at our command!

If you are sick with any form of nervous or blood disease, indigestion, dyspepsia, kidney or liver complaint, take this giver of health, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Take it when the first symptoms appear. If the disease is advanced delay no longer. It is purely vegetable and harmless. It is not a patent medicine but one which the doctor has employed in his practice for years.

Dr. Greene of 35 W. 14th Street, New York, is one of our most eminent physicians in the treatment of all nervous and chronic diseases. He is pleased to talk with any who wish to consult him.

If you live out of the city and cannot call, write him a description of your complaint and he will return an answer free of charge, advising you just what to do to get well.

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F J CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transaction and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, wholesale Druggists, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally acting directing upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

GIRL IN TROUBLE.

BINGHAMTON, Dec. 4.—Minnie Larrabee, daughter of a wealthy resident of Susquehanna county, Pa., who has been acting as a domestic in the hotels of this city for a number of years, owing to unhappy relations at home, was arrested Saturday on the charge of grand larceny for stealing $32 from a friend. She was held in the sum of $200 to await the Grand Jury's action.

COLONEL AINSWORTH'S CASE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The District Court of Appeals this afternoon sustained the demurrer in the case of Colonel Ainsworth, Chief of the Bureau of Pension Records of the War Department, and three other persons, engineers and contractors indicted with him for man-slaughter, in causing the collapse of the old Ford's Theatre building on the 9th of June last by which 21 clerks lost their lives and a number of others were more or less seriously injured. The court in brief held that the indictment was fatally defective because it did not show upon its face facts which would enable the court to determine, by legal construction, whether there was a joint duty created and imposed on all the defendants alike,

This decision remands the case to the criminal court, which will discharge the defendants. Whether or not the District Attorney will attempt to frame another indictment seems to be in doubt. It is stated, however, that such is his intention.

HARSH, BUT——?

"Ho," said a well-known statesman," I shall never believe that woman has the proper judgment and sense to cast a ballot, or interfere in politics, while she is so weak-minded as to passively suffer, year after year, from diseases peculiar to females, when every newspaper she picks up, tell of the merits of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Not to take advantage of this remedy is certainly an indication of mental weakness!"

There is a wholesome kernal of truth inside the rough shell of this ungallant speech. The "Favorite Prescription" is invaluable in all uterine trouble, inflammations, ulcerations, displacements, nervous disorders, prostration, exhaustion, or hysteria. For run-down, worn-out women, no more strengthening tonic or nervine is known.

CLEVER COUNTERFEITING.

PHILADELPHIA, December 4.—Assistant United States Treasurer Walters, of the local sub treasury, to-day unearthed a clever piece of counterfeiting. It is the raising of the denominations of greenbacks by the substitution of larger figures. On Saturday an apparent $50 note was received at the sub-treasury, and now it has been discovered that it wss originally a $10 greenback of the 1880 series. It is believed that the forgery was committed in West Virginia, as it was first detected in Wheeling. Mr. Walters also stated that one dollar bills are being raised to tens, by the same process, and that the circulation of these forged greenbacks is comparatively large.

Positive economy, peculiar merit and wonderful medicinal power are all combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it. Hood's cures.

WAS NOT GUILTY.

PARIS, December 4.—The trial of Baron Oscar De Rahden for shooting and killing Lieutenant Castenskiold ended a verdict of not guilty. The lieutenant, it appears, met Baroness De Rahden, who prior to her marriage and afterward, was a circus rider. He paid devoted attention to her and finally her husband called him to account for it. A duel was fought and the baron was wounded. In their travels about the continent the baron and his wife were followed by Castenskiold and when at Clermont-Ferrand, the enraged husband shot and killed his wife's admirer.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

JOHN SHAW.

LISTEN, YE AGED!

"Cheerful and Happy at 79!"

NERVOUS PROSTRATION
OF
Eight Years' Standing
CURED BY TEN BOTTLES!

THE FOLLOWING FROM A GENTLEMAN SO WELL-KNOWN AS THOROUGHLY RELIABLE PROVES THAT "DANA'S IS THE KIND THAT CURES."

SOUTH PEABODY, MASS.,
TO THE PROPRIETOR OF DANA'S SARSAPARILLA:—

Eight years ago last March, I was stricken with **Nervous Prostration.** **THE** Weary days and sleepless nights followed. I **suffered extremely** from affection of the **Kidneys** and **Stomach,** was not able to attend to business of any kind, felt no desire for company, and at last **became wholly unfitted for the slightest duties,** **KIND** life was a burden to me.

I was attended by skilled Physicians who told me finally that **there was no help for me.**

Since taking your Medicine I have **fully recovered.** I have taken **ten bottles** according to the printed directions, and from being hopeless and discouraged, am now **cheerful and happy,** and although I am **79** years of age in February **THAT** next, I am able to and do **work every day,** as my well-kept garden and the general appearance of improvement about my grounds will abundantly testify.

I do not fail to recommend your Medicine to all afflicted of whom I may hear, and consider myself **a living testimonial** of the **wonderful efficacy** **CURES** of DANA'S SARSAPARILLA.

Yours truly,
JOHN SHAW.

Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Belfast, Maine.

ST. JACOBS OIL

CURES . . . PERMANENTLY **Rheumatism.**

AN IMMENSE LINE OF LITTLE BOYS' SUITS

1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00 and 2.50, all new, good-wearing goods.

An immense line of boys' cheviots, double-breasted and single-breasted, navy blue, black brown, mixed, gray-mixed, the very latest patterns and makes, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 and 12.00.

Boys' Overcoats from 1.50 to 10.00.

An immense line of men's cheviots, double- and single-breasted, for six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, fourteen and fifteen dollars.

The greatest line of boy's and men's cheap suits; boy's suits, 2.50 up. Men's suits, 3.50 up.

The finest line of ladies coats in this part of the State. Prices three, four, five, six, eight, ten, twelve and eighteen dollars; the very latest patterns, the best makes. Elegant shape, and the best fitting goods you can find anywhere.

We can suit you, no matter how particular you are. We have black beaver, navy blue beaver, tan and light.

Children's coats for 1.25, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50 5.00, 5.50 and 6.00, fifty different styles.

Dress Goods, as large a line as you will find anywhere in the city. Double-width cloth, for 30 cents up. Broad cloth, 75 cents to 1.50. 54 inch Serges at 50 cents per yard, never before sold for less than 90 cents.

LYON & CO

11-13-1m

THOUGHT IT WAS COLD.

On Tuesday morning Mr. S. D. Ray, who lives on Curtin street, arose as usual, deliberately dressed himself and, on going down stairs, just for curiosity stepped out on the rear porch to see how cold it was. He looked at the thermometor and then all at once the chills began to creep up his back. He buttoned up his coat, held his hands on his ears, blew his breath on the mercury and looked again but the register was unchanged and the mark was thirteen degrees below zero.

But he couldn't stand there or he would freeze stiff, and acting on the impulse of the moment, he ran in doors and down in the cellar where he poked up the furnace fire until the heating apparatus was red hot and the house became as torrid as on a midsummer day. He heated a large panful of corn, got some warm water and, after carefully bundling himself up as if bound on an Arctic expedition went out to see if it was possible that any of his chickens had survived and to thaw them out with a good, hot feed.

By this time his neighbors had been attracted by what they considered Mr. Ray's strange actions, and Mr. J. C. Meyer asked kindly if there was anything the matter. "Matter," cried Mr. Ray. "Ain't enough the matter when the thermometor stands 13 degrees below zero." Mr. Meyer said it couldn't possibly be that cold, and went to look at his weather register. It marked 10 degrees above zero. Mr. Ray was so informed, but said it must be wrong, as he had looked at his thermometor several times and it was just the same. So, to find out which was right he borrowed Mr. Meyer's thermometor and hung it up alongside of his own then went in the house to thaw out. In half an hour he went out and took a look. There were the instruments, side by side, the one registering 13 degrees below zero and the other 10 degrees above. Thinking then he might have been fooled Mr. Ray examined his weather teller and found that the mercury had become separated and that just twenty-three degrees of that stuff was in the top of the tube. On shaking it together it registered the same that Mr. Meyer's did. Of course it was disgusting to be so badly fooled, but Mr. Ray felt so relieved that he wanted to come down town wearing a linen duster instead of his usual overcoat, but to this his good wife very strongly objected.

John Kosuski, a Polish miner at Jacobs Creek, Westmoreland county, had $60 stolen out of his coat which he left hanging near where he was working in the mines, Thursday. He accuses a fellow countryman who was mysteriously missing that evening and who knew he had the money in his coat pocket.

David Jenkins, a 12-year old boy residing near Sardis, Westmoreland county, while riding a young horse to water Friday, was thrown off against a stone wall and his skull fractured.

EDWARD K. RHOADS,

At his Yard near the Passenger Station, sells only

THE BEST QUALITIES

OF

Anthracite, Bituminous & Woodland

COAL

Also, All kinds of

Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, Wood, Etc.

Superior Screenings for Lime Burning, Builders' and Plasterers' Sand.

The Royal STOCK FOOD,

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.

TELEPHONE 1312.

11-6-1m

FOR SALE—Sour kraut or cabbage for sale. Will be delivered in any quantities desired. Apply to ISAAC HAUPT.

HOUSES FOR RENT. A 5 and a 10 room house, both on High street, with yards in front. Inquire of ISAAC HAUPT. N29-1m.

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Tuesday, the 26th day of December 1893, by James A. Beaver, John W. Stuart, William Frear, James H. Potter, S. M. Buck, George L. Potter, and others, under the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Provide for the Incorporation and regulation of Certain Corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended Corporation to be called "The University Hotel Company," the character and object of which is the establishment and maintenance of an hotel in the town of State College, Centre County Pennsylvania, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and the supplements thereto

BEAVER & DALE,
N 30-3t. Solicitors

PIANO Tuning and Repairing.

J. J. LEJEAL,

Of Erie, Pa., will be here fore part of October. Orders left at Bush House will receive prompt attention. 24-35-tf

Clothes REPAIRED, CLEANSED AND PRESSED.—I have concluded to take up my old trade and am now prepared to do Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing of Clothes at my residence, No. 231 East Lamb street. I solicit a share of patronage and guarantee perfect satisfaction. Work gathered and delivered promptly and charges as low as can possibly be made. A postal card dropped in the mail will receive attention at once.

23 48 tf WILLIAM McCLELLAN.

ALMOST AT STANDSTILL.

A Heavy Snow Storm on the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

WILKESBARRE, Dec. 3—A heavy snow storm this morning brought all traffic on the Lehigh Valley railroad, especially the Wyoming division, almost to a standstill. A few passenger trains arrived and departed from here to-day, but they were from three to seven hours late. No attempt was made to move coal or freight trains from Coxton, Sugar Notch or here up to 6 o'clock to-night. The strikers are particularly pleased at the situation. They say that everything favors them. Even nature has come to their rescue. The men held a large and enthusiastic mass meeting at Waite's music hall this arternoon. Twenty minutes after the doors were opened standing room could not be obtained, and it is estimated that 2,000 persons were in attendance. The speakers were Chief Wilkinson and Hon. L. S. Coffin, of Iowa.

FIGHTING FOR A PRINCIPLE.

The former laid before the audience the causes for which the men went out and the principles for which they are fighting. The latter talked at length about the character of the strikers, their worth as citizens, the peaceful manner in which they have conducted the strike and the attitude of the Wilkesbarre clergy in the difficulty.

Chief Wilkinson, of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, whose headquarters are in this city now, is very indignant over the statement made by General Manager Voorhees that the strikers are responsible for the big wreck at White Haven on Saturday, and will pay $100 out of his own pocket for any information that will lead to the arrest of the parties whom Voorhees says are responsible for the wreck. The district delegate from White Haven, who was in town to-day, said there was no truth in Voorhees' story.

STRIKERS ARE ORDERLY.

He says the strikers at White Haven are an orderly set of men. Most of them are men of families and they have kept away from the railroad since the strike began, and had any of them boarded the wrecked trains on Saturday they would surely have been seen by the coal and iron police, of whom many are on duty. There were several minor wrecks on the Wyoming division late last night and early this morning one at Meshoppen, where four freight cars were partially demolished, and a train derailed near Glen Summit.

Everything is very quiet along the road to-day and to-night, and the tie up could not be more complete than it is at present. There is a heavy fall of rain this evening, which adds still further to the difficulty of running heavy trains of any kind around the mountains, on account of the icy condition of the tracks, which will give non-union crews much trouble in handling the trains.

A GOOD ONE.

Of "An Irishman's Luck" the Brooklyn *Times* says: "Incessant laughter reigned at the Lyceum Theatre, last night where the lively and entertaining comedy called, "An Irishman's Luck," was presented before a good sized audience. The comedy is very funny, the singing and dancing good, and the desired result was attained. The company was good and deserved all the applause they received."

See it Wednesday night in Garman's opera house.

REPUBLICAN CLUB.

The permanent organization of the Republican club of Philipsburg was effected at the meeting in Schoonover's hall last Wednesday evening. The following officers were elected: A. T. James, president; P. E. Womeisdorff, vice president; Victor Gray, recording secretary; W. M. Melick, corresponding secretary; M. G. Lewis, treasurer. The next meeting of the club will be held on Friday, Dec. 8, in Schoonover's hall.

IT'S DANGEROUS GROUND

that you stand on—with a cough or a cold, and your blood impure. Out of just these conditions comes Consumption.

You must do something. In the earlier stages of Consumption, and in all the conditions that lead to it, Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a certain remedy. This scrofulous affection of the lungs, like every other form of Scrofula, can be cured by it. In severe, lingering Coughs, all Bronchial, Throat, and Lung Affections, and every disease that can be reached through the blood, it is the only medicine so effective that it can be *guaranteed*. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back. Nervous prostration and debility are conquered by it.

SOMETHING IS LOST when you use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It's Catarrh. The worst cases yield to its mild, soothing, cleansing, and healing properties. No matter how bad your case, or of how long standing, you can be cured. Incurable cases are rare. It's worth $500 to you, if you have one.

LILLY'S SUCCESSOR.

Gov. Pattison Will Call the Election for February to Save Expenses.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 3.—Gov. Pattison has determined that a successor to Gen. Lilly as congressman-at-large shall be chosen at the municipal elections on the third Tuesday in February. The governor reached this conclusion on Saturday, but he will wait until after the dead congressman's funeral before making a public announcement of his decision. Secretary Harrity's view in the matter is not in harmony with the intention of the executive. Mr. Harrity contends that it is mandatory upon the governor to call a special election immediately in case of the death of a congressman while congress is in session or about to convene. The governor, however, told a friend on Saturday that as there was no precedent for filling a vacancy occasioned by the death of a congressman-at-large he would let the matter go over until the February election.

Leaders of both parties are in doubt as to how the nomination of a successor to Gen. Lilly shall be made. At the time he was nominated the state Republican committee, as is the rule, was empowered to fill all vacancies. Since that time, however, a new convention has been held, a new state committee created and a new state chairman selected. Since the governor has established a precedent by determining to have the election held at the same time as the municipal elections to save the expense of a special election it is the general opinion that both parties will establish a precedent by entrusting the state committees with the nomination and thus save the expense of conventions.

AN ACCOMMODATING MAGISTRATE.

NEW YORK, December 4.—Under instructions from Lawyers Howe and Hummel, the managers of the World's Fair exhibition of prize winners at the Grand Central palace, this afternoon gave a performance of the alleged immoral "Danze du Ventre," which was stopped on Saturday night by Inspector Williams. Police Captain Berghold was present this afternoon and arrested the dancers, who gave their names as Fatma, Zolich and Zora Demmael. The prisoners were charged with violation of the penal code relating to offences against public decency. They were arraigned in the Yorkville police court. Their counsel waived examination and elected that they should be tried at special sessions, where, it was arranged the case will come up on Wednesday. They were released in $300 bail. Meanwhile Justice Burke said the performances can continue this evening and to-morrow.

THE BEST LIFE POLICY.

It's not the Tontine plan, or Endowment plan, or Ten years' renewable plan. It's not adding your few dollars to the hundreds of millions that the insurance companies boast of. It's a better investment than any of those. It is investing a few dollars in that Standard Remedy, the "Golden Medical Discovery," a cure for Consumption, in its early stages, and all throat and lung troubles.

FATAL FIRE AT LANGDON.

RALSTON, Dec. 3.—About 8.25 this evening six dwelling houses at Langdon, McIntyre township, were destroyed by fire. The burned houses were owned by P. S. Green, and were occupied by Italians, with one exception, that occupied by Mrs James McGuire.

An eight year old son of Jacob Gulldy was burned to death. He was asleep at the time, and the parents being away was roasted before help could arrive. A sum of money, aggregating $1,500 was also burned. The household goods were saved. The loss foots up $3,000, no insurance.

The fire is supposed to have been caused by a defective flue or an overheated stove in the Gulldy dwelling.

HAS BEEN DEPOSED.

PHILADELPHIA, December 4.—The council of the Baptist churches, called by the Centennial Baptist church, to inquire into the charges against its former pastor, Rev. Dr. Duncan MacGregor, held a meeting to-day and approved the report of the committee which had investigated the charges. This report declared MacGregor guilty of the charge of immoral conduct, intoxication and gambling at Gloucester and other places. MacGregor, by the adoption of the report, is deposed from the ministry of the Baptist church.

YOUNG MAN DROWNED.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Dec. 3.—William Gordan, aged 26 years, of this place, while performing a balancing act on the ice covered side railing of the high iron bridge spanning the Juniata river here, this evening, lost his equilibrium, and falling into the water was drowned. He leaves a wife and two children.

The dwelling house and outbuildings of Archie McHenry, situated in Loyalhanna township, Westmoreland county, were entirely consumed by fire Wednesday evening about 6.30 o'clock, caused by a defective flue. All his household goods were also burned, entailing a loss of $1,500 upon which there is no insurance.

The only Double Extract Sarsaparilla is Manners. It's the best because it cures. Take no other. 50cts.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NO SURRENDER.

The Third Week of the Big Strike Finds Little Change.

WILKESBARRE, Dec. 4.—This was a red letter day for the strikers on the Lehigh Valley railroad. Their chief officers, Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, and Clark, chairman of the executive board of grievance, arrived here late this afternoon. They were met at the depot by a committee of the strikers, who escorted them to cabs in waiting and thence drived to the strikers' headquarters. As they entered the large hall they were given a great reception by no less than 1,500 of the Brotherhood men, who stood up, threw their hats in the air and cheered lustily.

Loud calls were made for Mr. Arthur who came up on the platform, and it was a minute or more before he could be heard, so great was the enthusiasm. Chief Arthur said: "I came here to learn the truth of affairs, and I will remain until I do. After I have gained such knowledge I will then know what course to pursue. I desire to compliment you, brothers, on the good behavior you have thus far shown, and my advice is to continue it. Keep the peace and keep away from the company, as you are now doing, and I believe the victory is yours."

Mr. Sargent then appeared, and his address was two hours long. In brief, he said: "Men, I am proud of you, every one of you, in the manner in which you are standing by each other and in the way you are so nobly conducting yourselves. You are certainly gentlemen and law-abiding citizens. I denounce the heads of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company for trying to place the responsibility of the White Haven disaster upon you." In the end, he said, the strike is sure to culminate in a victory for the Brotherhood, but, even should it be a failure, the men could hold their hands up proudly, for they made a brave fight in a most honorable way. The state militia has not been called out, nor wanted to burden the taxpayers, because the peaceable demeanor and conduct of you whom they call strikers made this entirely unnecessary. "Again I say, this strike is a credit to yourself and your children, and you will have nothing to fear by taking part in it. I come here to give you good counsel. Remain as you are doing, firm, commit no overt acts, abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors, and then public opinion will help you, as it is now doing, to victory."

WINTER TOURS VIA PENNSLVANIA RAILROAD.

The final arrangements are now made by the Tourist Bureau of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for the running of its personally-conducted tours for the coming season. First and foremost in point of magnitude and attractiveness come those to California and Florida. The dates for the former are January 31st and February 22d. The first date has been selected so that *en route* to the glorious westernmost State of the Union the Mardi Gras festivities at New Orlrans may be enjoyed by the tourists. California will command unusual attention this winter by reason of the Midwinter Exposition to be held at San Francisco. This exhibition promises almost to rival the late World's Fair in completeness. Many Eastern people have already decided to attend.

Florida, always a popular haven, still justly asserts its claim as the most delightful part of our country in which to pass the inclement months of the year. Five tours will run there, January 30th, February 13th, February 27th, March 13th, and March 27th, have been chosen as the starting dates. $50 from New York, $48 from Philadelphia, and an equally low rate from other points will cover all expenses *en route*.

Old Point Comfort appeals strongly to those not caring to journey further from home, and on December 26th this historic spot will be visited by a special tour. Last come the tours to Washington, D. C., on December 14th and 28th, January 18th, March 1st and 22d, April 12th, and May 3d and 24.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company's guarantee that thorough and satisfactory methods will be pursued in conducting these trips needs no additional testimonial.

COUNTERFEIT DOLLARS BEING CIRCULATED.

There are a large number of counterfeit dollars in circulation at the present time in Altoona. The shovers of the "queer" have succeeded in disposing of a considerable sum and were not a bit particular how they were disposed of. A street car conductor, who had been given a dollar in payment of a fare, was showing it last night. The coin is precisely the same size as the good money, but the millage is slightly deeper. The ring is more of steel than silver, but nevertheless very hard to detect. The date is 1892.

CALLS FOR SUGAR BOUNTY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The internal revenue bureau of the treasury department is beginning to receive claims for sugar bounty on the year's crops, and first payments have been made at the treasury. The sugar season in California began in September, and one firm has already filed claims for 15,000,000 pounds of beet sugar, a considerably increased production over that of last season. The Louisiana sugar season began in October. Commissioner Miller estimates that it will require $11,000,000 to pay this season's bounty. So far $400,000 has been paid.

VERY SHORT SESSIONS.

Marked the Opening of the Two Branches of the Fifty-Third Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Promptly at noon Vice President Stevenson called the senate to order. The blind chaplain, Rev. Dr. Milburn, offered a prayer, which was devoid of any special features, after which a roll call revealed the presence of fifty-nine senators.

Without the transaction of any preliminary business, Messrs. McPherson and Sherman were appointed, on behalf of the senate, to join a similar committee of the house in waiting upon the president, to inform him that congress was in formal session. A recess of an hour was then taken, to give the committee an opportunity to perform its errand, which was extended for an additional half hour. The reading of the message occupied fifty-five minutes, when the senate, at 3.55, adjourned till to-morrow.

IN THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The first session of the Fifty-third congress in the house was characterized by little of the ordinary bustle and confusion. Two hundred and forty-two members answered to the roll call. The deaths of Representatives Lilly and O'Neill, of Pennsylvania both recently deceased, were marked with appropriate tributes of mourning and affection.

A resolution offered by Mr. Hines, of Pennsylvania, providing for a committee to investigate and report upon the pending labor troubles on the Lehigh Valley railroad, went over under objection. A joint resolution, offered by Mr. Sayres, of Texas, appropriating $50,000 for the employment of additional collectors of internal revenue, to aid in carrying into effect the Chinese restriction act, was adopted.

At 1.35 the reading of the annual message was begun by Clerk Kerr, and was concluded at 2.55. The spectators in the galleries and members on the floor paid close attention to the reading of the document, which was uninterrupted by applause. At its conclusion, Mr. Bingham, of Pennsylvania, announced the death of his colleagues, Messrs. O'Neill and Lilly, and after adopting the usual resolutions of respect and the appointment of a committee to attend the funeral of the late Mr. Lilly, the house, at 3.05, adjourned till to-morrow.

A BLESSING INDEED.

What would this poor, weak humanity do were it not for those strong, noble, restless spirits who are ever searching the caverns of knowledge for the good of mankind? Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th Street, New York, who a few years ago gave to the world that priceless boon, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, has now introduced another blessing for the sick and suffering. He is the most successful specialist in curing all nervous and chronic diseases, and he offers to everyone, far and near, the opportunity of consulting him, free of charge, through his system of letter correspondence.

Write him about your complaint and send for his symptom blank, and he will return you an exact explanation of your case with advice, free of charge, and tell you how you can be cured. He gives most careful and explicit attention to all letters, and his answer always gives the sufferer a perfect understanding of the disease. If you wish to avail yourself of this great physician's skill, write him at once about your disease and you will undoubtedly be cured.

IN COURT.

As stated in Tuesday's NEWS the Lohr case took up all of that day. A brief session was held Tuesday night which was devoted entirely to the argument of the attorney for the plaintiff. This (Wednesday) morning the argument was closed, the court charged the jury and that body retired about 10 o'clock. At this writing no verdict has yet been reached. One thing, however, is certain; no matter which way the verdict goes there is going to be a pile of costs for both sides to pay, and this shows the imprudence of any borough allowing its boardwalks or pavements to become defective to such an extent as to endanger life or limb. It is only a repetition of the old saw, "penny wise and pound foolish." Better by far spend one hundred dollars in repairing pavements than one thousand dollars in litigation with the probability of an additional thousand dollars damages. Bellefonte has just such a similar case pending, which will be tried at the next term of court, and which might just as easily have been avoided, had a few dollars been judiciously spent at the proper time.

DR. MACGREGOR FOUND GUILTY

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.—Rev. Dr. Duncan MacGregor, while pastor of the Centennial Baptist church, was yesterday adjudged guilty of immorality and conduct unbecoming a minister of the gospel. This verdict was rendered by the committee of the Baptist council called to try him. The charges included the writing of a letter to Miss Sallie George, which precipitated the investigation; gambling at Gloucester, tippling at Lincoln park, and intoxication.

IN OTHER COUNTIES.

Green goods men are flooding Johnstown with circulars these days.

At the meeting of the Bedford Electric Light, Heat and Power company, held last week, Charles C. Reamer was elected manager.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Iron City College.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

24,000 Graduates. A High Class Commercial School.

This Institution has placed more young men and women in lucrative positions than any other Commercial School in the country.

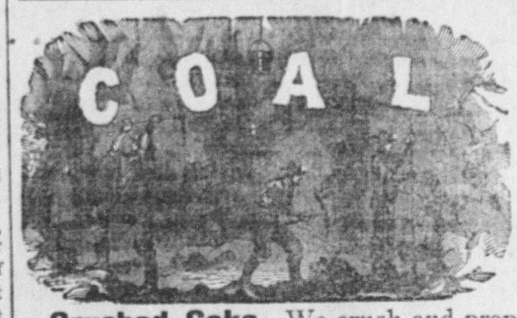
Send for our new Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free. Address

CHAS. J. SMITH, PRIN.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES."

GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO



Crushed Coke, Coal, Stove Wood!

Crushed Coke—We crush and prepare Chestnut, Stove and Egg sizes for use in Cook Stoves and Heaters, as well as a most excellent fuel for heating School Houses and Churches. No smoke, no clinkers. It is the best and cheapest fuel now in use.

Coal—Anthracite—Pea, Chestnut, Stove, Egg and Furnace Coal. Snow Shoe Coal, run of the mines and screened lump; Black Block Nut and Woodland Coal.

Stove Wood—Stove Wood sawed and split to suit buyers. We invite patronage and spare no efforts to furnish Coal for the full value we receive for it. All orders will receive prompt attention.

McCALMONT & CO., Bellefonte, Pa.

IT COSTS YOU
ONE WHOLE DOLLAR

To buy a World's Fair Souvenir Half Dollar. This is all right, because the price is the same everywhere, and you can't get cheated in the quality. But when you want to buy Groceries you must exercise judgment or you will get an inferior article at an exhorbitant price. But you will get just what you want if you go to

THE EUREKA

As they keep nothing but the Freshest and Best Groceries, and sell at One Cash Price to all, a price so low that none sell lower. Fresh goods received every day. Country produce of every description purchased, and highest market prices paid. If you have any doubt about what we say come in and see us, we will prove it true.

NEXT TO POSTOFFICE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE WORK OF TRAMPS

A Bold Scheme to Wreck a Fast Express Frustrated.

GOTHEN, Ind., November 27.—The first section of the Chicago and New York fast meat express pulled out of Elkhart last night at 10.30 with orders to run to Ligonier without stop. All seemed well with the train, but when about a mile from Elkhart the conductor, John Hickok, and two brakemen were attacked by a band composed of eight burly tramps, who, it is since learned, boarded the train at Elkhart and had been concealed between the cars. They overpowered the crew and were proceeding to disconnect the last ten cars, when the crew assisted by the engineer and firemen, again secured control of the train.

A second attempt was made five miles furthur on, and from that point into Gothen, a run of four miles, a desperate fight was waged between the eight robbers and the crew. Conductor Hickok, who knew the imminent danger that the New York fast express was in of running into the freight encouraged the brakeman and an extra conductor, Campbell, who happened to be on the train, and they waged a successful fight until the train reached the Gothen yards. The battle for the control of the train was desperate for the last four miles, and Conductor Hickok was badly bruised, as was also one of the brakemen. The robbers secured four watches and all the money belonging to the crew. The engineer whistled for help and officers were quickly upon the scene.

Owing to the dazed condition of the crew and the ignorance of those here as to the cause of the alarm, the robbers all escaped. Two were subsequently captured and the sheriff and a posse are at present in hot pursuit of the others. Henry Zimmerman was arrested within the city limits and later in the morning William Coons was captured. These two are now in custody here. The plan of the robbers was one which would, had it been successfully carried out, incurred great loss of life and money. They were endeavoring to leave eight or ten cars of the freight on the track into which they expected the New York express, which was following close after would dash. In the subsequent wreck, it is surmised that the wreckers expected to get away with considerable booty from the express car.

LATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Portsmouth, O., ladies have organized a euchre gambling club.

Great Britain will spend $5,000,000 on the defenses of Portsmouth.

Senator Teller is in Mexico getting pointers on the silver question.

The new Hoss storage battery will soon be tested at Springfield, O.

The Shenango Valley steel mill at New Castle shut down last night.

Hop Wah, a West Newton Chinaman, committed suicide by drowning.

The remains of four bodies have been taken from the ruins of the Detroit fire.

Puddlers' helpers at the Brilliant mill in New Castle are on a strike against a reduction of wages.

A Shamokin ironworker, James Starks, is said to have been stricken dumb during an outburst of profanity.

It is now claimed that Helen Gould's fiance is L. S. Thorne, a Western railroad man, and not Actor Woodruff.

Wages at the Pennsylvania salt works at Natrona will be reduced 12½ per cent, and company house rent 6 per cent.

The number of delinquent taxpayers in Kentucky this year is unprecedented. Four hundred will be sold out by the Sheriff.

A fire broke out in a room of Prince Bismarck's chatean Friday. The flames were quenched by the servants, under the superintendence of the Prince himself.

Mrs. Elizabeth Colburn, wife of Prof. George C. Colburn, of the University of California, residing at Claremont, committed suicide yesterday by shooting herself through the heart. Insanity the cause.

Walter Plummer, of Bryan, O., was convicted of murder in the second degree. Another man is serving a life sentence for the same crime and it is claimed that this verdict will secure a new trial for both.

Jack Williams, the leader of the Oliphant train robbers, has been arrested and is in custody of Deputy Sheriff Pemberton, of Searcy county, Ark., who refuses to give him up without the payment of $1,500.

Chateau Larned, aged 19 years, committed suicide at his home at Tom's River N. J., while crazed with the thought that he had accidentally shot and killed his friend, C. Harry Kittridge. The latter may recover.

Charles F. Blackburn, a mining expert, was arrested for sending threatening letters and postal cards through the mails to President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle. Blackburn is a crank on silver and religion.

Dow Draper, an ex-Deputy Sheriff of Lenawee county, Mich., and a well-known citizen, was shot and killed by a farmer named George Conger at the latter's residence, near this place, last night. Conger then committed suicide.

Samuel Jones, a Glassboro, N. J., glassblower, became angry at his boy assistant, and, filling a blow-pipe with molten glass, wound strands of hot glass around the lad's hands and wrists. The boy may die from the injuries. Lynching is threatened.

Search in the wreck on the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham Railway, near Birmingham, reveals the corpses of two more victims—that of a white tramp and of a brakeman. Another tramp had his legs cut off and will die. Three additional victims will probably not recover.

THIS, THAT AND THE OTHER.

Bismark is able to take walks.

Pope Leo XIII is visibly failing.

Col. A. K. McClure bids fair to recover.

Gladstone's health is poor and he may not live out his 84th year.

Secretary of Agriculture Morton is recovering from a slight illness.

The lake Shore Railroad has leased the Erie Car Works, covering 16 acres of ground.

Over $100,000 is given to charitable institutions by Mrs. Ross Lothschild, a Chicago widow.

New York's World's Fair Building, which cost $150,000, was bought by a wrecking company for $1200.

To console Mrs. Annie Van Houton for breach of promise, Asa P. Morse, of Boston, must pay her $40,000.

Mr. Cleveland has extended the lease of his country home at Woodley to the spring of 1897. It was first made for one year, to the spring of 1894.

The wife of Rev. J. H. Pryor, who was fined last week for neglecting his family, has given birth to a child weighing 25 pounds. It is the biggest baby ever heard of in Pittsburg.

A dispatch from Teheran says that 12,000 persons were killed in Kushan Persia, by the earthquake last week. Ten thousand bodies have been recovered from the ruins. Fifty thousand cattle were killed.

Secretary Hoke Smith is said to be the hardest worker in the Cabinet. He gets up at 7 o'clock in the morning, and does not go to bed earlier than midnight devoting all the intervening time except what he spends at the table and in exercise, to the business of the Interior Department.

CAUGHT IN A BEAR TRAP.

Mr. Roland Stevenson, of Nittany Valley says the Lock Haven *Express*, had an experience while hunting for deer in the Baker run valley a few days ago which he will not soon forget. He was accompanied by several friends and while passing through the woods Mr. Stevenson stepped into the jaws of a big bear trap. His foot touched the contrivance that held the jaws of the trap open, and quick as wink they closed upon his ankle. The jaws of the trap were fitted with long steel prongs which fortunately passed on either side of Mr. Stevenson's ankle. The strong springs of the trap held his foot and leg as firmly as if in a vice, and the efforts of two men with a big lever were required to extricate him from his unpleasant predicament. His ankle is considerably bruised by pressure of the jaws of the trap, but no bones were broken. The trap was so nicely covered over with leaves that had a man been looking for it he would not have been likely to find it.

LIST OF PATENTS.

Granted to Pennsylvania inventors this week. Reported by C A Snow & Co., Solicitors of American and Foreign Patens, Opp. U S Patents Offices, Washington D. C.

M Blakey, Hazelwood, Protector for pipe-threads. M M Deem, Reading-Lamp. L Fredrich, Pittsburg, Glassware-threading device. A L Garver, Roaring Spring-Machine for securing backing-stripes to and folding books, New London, Clamping mechanism. H A Laughlin, Pittsburg, Steam-boiler. W R MacDonald Allegheny. Pneumatic ventilator. A McMichael & F R Wildman, Norristown, Circulator-knitting machine. G G McMurty, Allegheny. Sheet metal package. R R Ortt, M A Shearer, Norristown, Curtain-fixture for bay-windows, H H Ring, Lairdsville. Middlings-purifier. J Sabold, Boyertown. Dumping—wagon.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS TO MEET.

The School Directors Association, of Centre county, will meet in the court house, at Bellefonte, on Thursday, December 21, 1893, at 10 a. m. Addresses will be delivered as follows: "Furnishing and care of text books"—A. A. Stevens, Esq., of Tyrone. "Directors organizations and benefits to be derived from monthly meetings"—Hon. W. K. Alexander, Millheim. There will be discussions upon "Duties of directors relating to teaching physiology and hygeine" also "Recently enacted laws relating to schools and duties of directors."

There will be two sessions, forenoon and afternoon. Ex-Gov. Beaver, and Prof. John Hamilton, of State College, and others have been invited to be present. Other interesting topics will be discussed. A full attendance of all directors is desired.

THEY'RE A LONG WAYS OFF YET.

As the slump into hard times, postrated ndustries and financial distress was not the result of a few weeks only, but of the evident tendencies of several years, so the rebound to a healthier condition of affairs, will be gradual and slow. But the rebound is taking place. Things are brightening up. There is a cheery and crisp atmosphere in the world of commerce and trades and industries are beginning to feel that the hour of danger is passed and that they may begin to launch out into action and progress. Slowly, but surely, the good times are coming and the clamity-howlers cannot keep them back.—Philadelphia Times.

THE SEVENTH DAUGHTER

of the Seventh Daughter is said to be lucky but her luck does not compare with the "lucky NUMBER SEVEN" of HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS, an infallible cure for Coughs and Colds. Try it.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

A little more progress has been made during the past week in the restoration of confidence in commercial affairs. With the exception of the strikes on the Lehigh valley railroad, which has become more serious than at first thought probable, there has been a decided improvement in the industrial situation. In the Pittsburgh district the settlement of the differences between the sheet iron and steel manufacturers and workmen is a noteworthy event. Additional mills have resumed operation, and the larger output and shipments of coke are prescursors of more activity in the iron trade. In the mercantile world, the great auction sale of dry goods at New York on Wednesday is regarded as the most significant sign of a change of times. The competition of the 600 merchants present, and the prices realized for the 18,000 packages sold, are full of encouragement. There have been larger sales of raw material, notably of wool, and increased orders are reported for leather and its products.

Speculation, always quick to discount future conditions, has been stronger, and stock values are high It is probable that prices may be advanced too far and too rapidly, and that sharp reactions may occur, but this should not discourage the more hopeful feeling regarding legitimate trade. In addition to the indications of returning prosperity, which stimulate values, there is believed to be a large "shot" interest in the market; "bears" have sold securities which they expected to buy back at a profit, and now that the outlook favors the "bulls," the buying power receives a double impetus. The cheapness of money is also beginning to make itself felt, and investment purchases are bringing relief to individuals and corporations embarrassed by the panic. The grain markets have also recovered from the extreme low point touched early in the week. Cotton is higher, on firm, and sugar and coffee lower..

The vast accumulation of idle money—amounting in the associated banks of New York, Boston and Philadelphia, to the unprecedented surplus of over $80,000,000—is cited as evidence of continued stagnation in general business. In a very large degree the conclusion is correct; but it must not be forgotten that owing to the great shrinkage in values, less money is required to handle the same volume of trade. For example 10,000 bushels of wheat may be bought to-day for $6.200, whereas a year ago $7,200 was required and two years ago, $9,500. A railroad may buy a thousand tons of steel rails to-day for 22,000 to $24,000 which a year ago cost $30,000. A year ago it required $11,500 to purchase 100 shares General Electric stock; to-day the same amount may be bought for $3,700. And so on throughout the list of raw and manufactured products and investment securities. A large amount of capital may remain idle and the aggregate of business still be large.

Discount markets have ruled dull and easy. In London the Bank of England rate remains at 3 per cent, while call money may be had at 1 3-4 per cent. In New York large call loans have been made as low as 1 per cent, and time loans running for a year at 4 per cent. The failures for the week numbered 387, against 324 last week and 180 in the corresponding week last year.

The season is at hand when business quiets down and books are balanced for the year. Congress is about to reassemble, and tariff agitation will be revived. It is, therefore, unreasonable to look for much change in the situation for the next six weeks, but if annual settlements are satisfactorily met, there is almost certain to be a marked change for the better early in the new year.

STRANGE OCCURRENCE

ROCHESTER, Pa., Nov. 26.—There was a most singular occurrence at the funeral of Mrs. William Shell, in the Beaver cemetery to-day. The grave was dug by Walter W. Fish, step-father of the deceased lady. The grave was dug yesterday. It was necessary, however, for Fish to go to it to-day in advance of the funeral to set the rough box in position. Just as the funeral procession arrived at the cemetery James Brotherton curiously looked into the grave and saw Mr. Fish lying in the rough box. Upon an investigation it was discovered that Fish was dead.

Undertaker Reno, who was on the hearse, was notified and kept the mourners in the carriages in ignorance of what had occurred. Aided by the pall bearers, Fish's remains were removed from the grave and taken away. The funeral then proceeded without the wife and family knowing the father's fate. Upon their return home they were informed of the facts. At the coroner's inquest it was discovered that Fish's neck was broken. The accepted theory is that Fish stumbled and fell into the grave, fracturing his spinal column. Mr. Fish was 60 years of age.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

NEW STYLE MONEY ORDER.

Notification of the change in the form of postoffice money orders has just been sent out by the postoffice department, it is reported. This introduces into the order the name of the payee, and makes the order negotiable like a bank check. The new forms will be sent out to all postoffices as rapidly as the old ones which they now have are used up.

HILL'S

REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE and invite the most careful investigation as to our responsibility and the merits of our Tablets.

READ OUR TESTIMONIALS

Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; cause no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without any effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CURE TABLETS. During treatment patients are allowed the free use of Liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all FIRST-CLASS druggists at $1.00 per package.

If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us $1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being offered for sale. Ask for HILL'S TABLETS and take no other.

Manufactured only by

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PARTICULARS FREE.

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED.

A FEW Testimonials from persons who have been cured by the use of Hill's Tablets.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:
DEAR SIR:—I have been using your cure for tobacco habit, and found it would do what you claim for it. I used ten cents worth of the strongest chewing tobacco a day, and from one to five cigars; or I would smoke from ten to forty pipes of tobacco. Have chewed and smoked for twenty-five years, and two packages of your Tablets cured me so I have no desire for it.
B. M. JAYLORD, Leslie, Mich.

DORRS FERRY, N. Y.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—Some time ago I sent for $1.00 worth of your Tablets for Tobacco Habit. I received them all right and, although I was both a heavy smoker and chewer, they did the work in less than three days. I am cured.
Truly yours, MATHEW JOHNSON, P. O. Box 68.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—It gives me pleasure to speak a word of praise for your Tablets. My son was strongly addicted to the use of liquor, and through a friend, I was led to try your Tablets. He was a heavy and constant drinker, but after using your Tablets but three days he quit drinking, and will not touch liquor of any kind. I have waited four month before writing you, in order to know the cure was permanent. Yours truly,
MRS. HELEN MORRISON.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO:—GENTLEMEN:—Your Tablets have performed a miracle in my case. I have used morphine, hypodermically, for seven years, and have been cured by the use of two packages of your Tablets, and without any effort on my part. W. L. LOVEDAY.

Address all Orders to

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CARTRIDGES.—Fixed ammunition for hunters and sportsmen.

WE ARE PREPARED to supply the trade with the above High Class Explosives at the very lowest prices. We guarantee the lowest prices for the best goods in this line ever offered for sale in this community.

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ORDERS FOR ANY of the above articles placed in our hands will receive prompt attention at the very lowest prices.

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First class work and material. Nothing cheap but the price. Satisfaction guaranteed in fit and style.

All I ask is one trial, I know that after that I shall have your trade.

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Send 10c of postage, deduct it when ordering. Address S. H. CADY, 305 High St., Philadelphia.

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Cures Permanently all diseases of the Nervous System, either acute or chronic in either sex. It restores impaired or lost power. Checks all forms of waste or drain: makes strong the weak. Full package $1; six for $5. trial package 12c, with book, sent securely sealed on receipt of price. Address Dr. R. Dumont, 98 S. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill. 24-20-1y

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

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Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Coughs, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

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For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.

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For Boils, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Fistulas, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Chafing or Scald Head. It is Infallible.

For Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples. It is invaluable.

Price, 50 Cents. Trial size, 25 Cents.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

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The Consumptive and Feeble and all who suffer from exhausting diseases should use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Female weakness, Rheumatism and Pain. 50c. & $1.

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Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflamation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

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HAY-FEVER

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A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggist; by mail, registered, 60 cts.

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No better accommodations in the city than at the "Columbia." f12

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CARTS & HARNESS,
$37.50 Top Buggy.... $27 We Cut the
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Garfield Tea Overcomes habits of bad eating. Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 129 W. 42d St., N.Y.

Cures Constipation

—Thanksgiving was a lovely day.

—Boxes were put up in the Court house Thursday morning for the reception of money for the benefit of the poor of Bellefonte,

—On Tuesday Mr. John Strayer moved his bottling works from the basement of the Bush House to his residence on Thomas street, just opposite the freight depot.

We notice that Mr. A. B. Steel is again sufficiently recovered from a two week's siege of la grippe to be out and around again.

—The State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, will meet in Harrisburg on the 12th instant, to continue in session four days. Officers will not be elected for this year.

—The postoffice at Kane was broken open a few nights ago and the safe robbed of its contents. The burglars took every thing they could get their hands on, not leaving a stamp.

—On Tuesday evening the Lutheran congregation in this place surprised their pastor, Rev. Ed. Everett Hoshour, by a very liberal donation. It is such pleasant remembrances that makes life worth the living.

—The frog on the new railroad at the crossing at Morris' limekilns was put in on Thursday. The turntable and round house foundations are about completed and their completion is now only a question of a week or two.

—Rev. Miles O. Noll, of the Reformed church, preached the Union Thanksgiving sermon in the Lutheran church Thursday morning. His text was appropriate and his sermon unusually eloquent. A collection for the benefit of the poor was taken up.

—There is a law to the effect that children who have not been vaccinated within seven years shall not be admitted to the public schools. It is more than possible that if the law was enforced more than half the children now attending school in this town would be debarred from the privilege.

—The temporary bridge on the new railroad, where it crosses the Nittany Valley, has been torn away and an iron structure will be put there. An iron bridge is also being put across the canal near this place. The rails will soon be laid up to the depot at Bellefonte and then the road will be completed the entire distance.

—We have thus far omitted to mention the death of Wilson I. Linn, Esq., a brother of our townsman, Hon. John B. Linn, which occurred at his home in Philadelphia on Monday. Mr. Linn had been ill only a few days. He was aged about 64 years. The funeral occurred Friday at Great Valley, Chester county.

—The second annual Thanksgiving ball of the Undine Fire company was held in Bush Arcade on Wednesday evening and was largely attended. Prof. Spankenberg's orchestra furnished the music for the occasion. The grand march took place at 9 o'clock and it was midnight when the dance broke up. As a general thing everything was orderly and well conducted.

—On Tuesday afternoon Miss Mary Meek, who teaches a select childrens' school at the Ardell residence on Linn street, suggested to her twelve pupils that it would be very appropriate if each of them could bring a small basket of something nice to be given to some deserving family for Thanksgiving. Accordingly, on Wednesday each of the twelve children appeared with a small basket well filled with groceries and delicacies, and that same afternoon Miss Meek and the children played the part of the good Samaritan in making happy the faces and hearts of twelve families in Bellefonte.

A STRANGE CASE.

How an Enemy was Foiled.

The following graphic statement will be read with intense interest: "I cannot describe the numb, creepy sensation that existed in my arms, hands and legs. I had to rub and beat those parts until they were sore, to overcome in a measure the dead feeling that had taken possession of them. In addition, I had a strange weakness in my back and around my waist, together with an indescribable 'gone' feeling in my stomach. Physicians said it was creeping paralysis, from which, according to their universal conclusion, there is no relief. Once it fastens upon a person, they say, it continues its insidious progress until it reaches a vital point and the sufferer dies. Such was my prospect. I had been doctoring a year and a half steadily, but with no particular benefit, when I saw an advertisement of Dr Miles' Restorative Nervine, procured a bottle and began using it. Marvelous as it may seem, but a few days had passed before every bit of that creepy feeling had left me, and there has not been even the slightest indication of its return. I now feel as well as I ever did, and have gained ten pounds in weight, though I had run down from 170 to 137. Four others have used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine on my recomendation, and it has been as satisfactory in their cases as in mine."—James Kane, La Rue, O.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, express prepaid. It is free from opiates or dangerous drugs.

FOOT BALL GALORE.

Bellefonte Beats Philipsburg Beautifully.

Many Other Games.

Some few weeks ago a foot ball team composed of the younger element went to Philipsburg and were badly beaten by the first team of that place and then our neighboring contemporaries could not say enough about their great foot ball players. This kind of riled the Pennsylvania dutch in the kickers of Bellefonte and the outcome of it was a game arranged for Bellefonte on Thanksgiving day. The day came; the Philipsburgers came; they saw—but they failed to conquer. Instead they went home with the deep consciousness that although they are good "kickers" figuratively speaking, yet at foot ball they were "not in it" with Bellefonte. They could not even play a little bit and the score, 28 to 4—and that 4 given on a rank decision of referee Foster—plainly shows how far off they were. Nevertheless the game was not devoid of interest.

The day was beautiful, and the crowd was unusually large, fully six hundred people being on the field. It was just a little after 2.30 o'clock when referree Foster tossed a penny for the ball and Philipsburg won. Bellefonte chose the western goal for first half. Philipsburg started off with a V rush but were downed inside of two yards, still retaining the ball. In four successive downs she had not been able to cross the home team's thirty-five yard line. Then Bellefonte got the ball and in the first rush made wonderful headway into the enemy's territory. In the second rush the local team's superiority was quickly shown when Rothrock, Taylor and Cruse carried the ball across Philipsburg's line and Curtin took it safely around the goal for the first touchdown. Hughes safely kicked the goal and the score was 6 to 0.

Philipsburg again started off with a V rush but they did not go far until they were downed by the almost impassable barricade of Bellefonte's line. Only seven yards of an advance when Bellefonte got the ball and with little difficulty forced their way through the enemy's line and Cruse carried the ball safely for a touchdown. Hughes kicked and missed the goal. Philipsburg started again but in two downs and very little advance, Bellefonte had the ball and soon advanced well into Philipsburg's field. It was the second down and Taylor had the ball. While getting ready for another tackle, with the ball on the ground, the centre man not yet having taken it, Barnes, Philipsburg's quarter back, swiped the ball and made a run for their goal. Bellefonte offered no interference as the play was a foul, but referree Foster allowed the same. Bellefonte, after a little quibbling, let it go, and Graham made ready to kick the goal. He kicked but failed to raise the ball over the crossbar and the score stood 10 to 4.

Then Bellefonte took the ball and prepared for their first grand play. They made it. The wedge was solid and they broke through the Philipsburg line like a whirlwind and Cruse made a long run and a touchdown; but, unfortunately, it was an off play and could not be counted. Nothing daunted, however, Bellefonte made the same play over and this time with better success. Philipsburg was unable to stop or down and Hugh Taylor carried the ball safely through for a touchdown. Orbison kicked and missed the goal. Score 14 to 4.

Philipsburg again took the ball and attempted to break through the Bellefonte line but, as before, were speedily downed. On the second tackle the ball was passed to Graham who kicked it over the heads of the Bellefonte's line it availed nothing as the halfbacks stopped it. After a few downs there was another change of ball and Graham again attempted his kick act, but Orbison was too quick for him. Seizing the ball out of Graham's hands he carried it safely for a touchdown. Bush kicked and missed the goal and the score stood 18 to 4.

After a ten-minutes struggle in which Philipsburg done the best work they had yet done, but Bellefonte was slowly making their way for another touchdown, time was called for the first half.

In the second half Philipsburg put up a far better game than they did in the first and Bellefonte eased up a little. At no time during the second forty-five minutes was Philipsburg any ways near scoring, while Bellefonte carried the ball safely for two more touchdowns and one goal, and were very near the scoring line when time was called and the game ended.

On the whole the work of the Bellefonte team was superb. Only two men on it were a little light for their positions but at all times they were all able to hold their men. Captain Cruse had them trained thoroughly and this, with Hughes' code of signals, enabled them to take every advantage the play offered. It would be hard to particularize among the home players as they all did their duty and played an elegant game right through. For Philipsburg, Heims, Burchfield, Graham and Jack Barnes carried off the laurels. The teams lined up as follows:

BELLEFONTE	POSITION	PHILIPSBURG
Dorworth	Left End	Heims
Orbison	Left Tackle	Burchfield
Taylor, F.	Left Guard	Metts
Bush	Centre	Weber
Breeze	Right Guard	Bryson
Cowdrick	Right Tackle	Joe Barnes
Curtin	Right End	Jackson
Hughes	Quarterback	Jack Barnes
Taylor, H.	Left Half-back	Lorsine
Rothrock	Right Half-back	Johnson
Cruse	Full-back	Graham

SUMMARY—Touchdowns—Curtin, Cruse, Taylor, H., Orbison, Rothrock 2, Barnes. Goals kicked—Hughes, Bush. Referree—Phil Foster. Umpire—Lee Woodcock. Time 1.30.

NOTE—In the second half Scott, of Bellefonte, took Bryson's place at Right Guard for Philipsburg; and Ed. Harris took Dorworth's place at Left End for Bellefonte.

Everybody wants to go out and see the game to-morrow between Bellefonte Academy and a picked team.

OTHER GAMES THURSDAY.

At New York—Princeton 6; Yale 0.

At Cambridge, Mass.—Harvard 26; University of Pennsylvania 4.

At Pittsburg—State College 12; Pittsburg Athletic Club, 0

MINERS' WAGES REDUCED.

On Tuesday a notice was sent out by all the operators in the Clearfield and Beech Creek coal regions to their miners that on and after December 1, the price of mining coal would be reduced ten per cent. It is thought by some that this may create a strike in those regions. A "special" from Philipsburg says:

A mass meeting of the Beech Creek miners has been called for here to take action on the 10 per cent. reduction ordered by the operators December 1. Clearfield miners have been asked to send a delegation to the meeting, and an endeavor will be made to have both regions take the same action.

While it is generally admitted by the men that they are in no condition to resist a reduction, they feel like resenting in some manner the action of the operators in giving them only two days' notice of the reduction.

LOGAN FIRE COMPANY'S FAIR.

The Logan Steam Fire Engine Company have decided to hold a fair in Bellefonte commencing Saturday, December 23rd, and ending the following Saturday. Complete arrangements have not yet been made, but it is the desire of the firemen that every lady in Bellefonte who can, will present them with some piece of fancy work, either ornamental or useful, or both, that they can sell or chance off. The boys will have everything that is usually had at such places and will endeavor to make the week one of pleasure, as well as profit to themselves. The move being just started it is not possible to give any further particulars at this writing, but we advise everybody to do all they can to assist the Logan company; and do it as freely and cheerfully as the boys always respond to the call for help when a fire occurs.

NOVEMBER DAYS.

November is a month of rainy, disagreeable days. The damp, cold air penetrates everywhere and chills the blood, laying the system open to the danger of colds, pneumonia and kindred complaints. There is but one remedy that stimulates the system and fortifies it against such attacks, and that is whiskey. Not such a whiskey as is generally palmed off on the public, but a whiskey of known purity and quality. Such a whiskey is Klein's Silver Age, Duquesne or Bear Creek Rye. These whiskies have been before the public for many years and find favor wherever purity is required. Physicians prescribe them; hospitals use them, and every reputable dealer sells them.

These goods are for sale by S. Shloss, Williamsport, at regular prices.

KILLED AT HARRISBURG.

Freight Conductor Cyrus B. Lowe, of Altoona, employed on the middle division, was instantly killed at Maclay street, Harrisburg, last night while in the discharge of his duty. He had taken his train in and went into the yardmaster's office where he delivered his manifests. He then went out again, and in so doing was struck by a yard shifter and run down. No one saw the accident, but a cry which he made was heard, and this led to his discovery.

Mr. Lowe was middle aged and entered the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad company as a brakeman June 1, 1857. He was promoted to flagman January 1, 1862, and conductor July 1, of the same year. He was looked upon as one of the most reliable men in the company's service and had always been signally fortunate, not having met with a single accident during all of his long service.

BRIGHTEN UP BUSINESS.

"This cold snap will brighten up business," said a prominent dry goods dealer the other day. People have been putting off buying winter goods until they will be compelled to purchase. Take underwear for instance. Very few people have provided themselves with heavy-weight—an extraordinary circumstance. They are risking their health to economize for the time being, knowing full well that before long they must make the purchase of the articles required. Old Jack Frost will soon stir up the people, and our clerks will have something to do.

A BIG HORSE.

"General Braddock," the largest horse in the world, has been on exhibition this week in the Empire House stables. He stands 22 hands high and weighs 2,857 pounds. He was a wonder at the World's Fair and is now being exhibited by his owner through the leading cities and towns in the country. He is a Canadian animal and was born near Montreal. The "General" was taken to Bellefonte yesterday morning.—Tyrone *Times*.

—The cold wave struck Bellefonte about three o'clock Friday afternoon. Previous to that hour the atmosphere had been delightful for the first day of December, but at that hour it commenced to blow a gale which increased until the wind was high and the temperature quite low late in the evening. During the night the wind fell and this morning was only nice and brisk, not near so cold as Bellefonters in general expected it would be.

DOINGS OF COURT.

Criminal List Exhausted and the Jurors discharged.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

The grand jury returned true bills in the following cases:

Com. vs. Gotlieb Haag, charged with selling liquor to minors and to persons of intemperate habits. True bill.

Com, vs. A. S. Garman, selling liquors to minors and persons of intemperate habits. True bill.

Com. vs. Harry Gheret, f. and b. True bill.

Com. vs. John Burns, f. and b. True bill.

Com. vs. R. S. Walk, f. and b. True bill.

Com. vs. Harvey Baird, aggravated assault and battery. Bill ignored and prosecutor, Samuel Page to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Henry Benner, f. and b. True bill.

Com. vs John Freeman, charged breaking jail. True bill.

Com. vs. Samuel Meese, breaking jail. True bill.

Com. vs. Watkins, breaking jail. True bill.

Com. vs. Charles Johnson, breaking jail. True bill.

Owing to the illness of C. M. Bower, Esq., continuance was granted in the case of Com. vs A. S. Garman.

The jury in the case of Com. vs. Christ Miller returned a verdict of guilty.

The civil case of Longe vs. Long was then taken up which consumed the most of the afternoon and ended in a verdict for the defendant in the sum of $46.65.

The Grand Jury, having completed their work, submitted to the Court the following report:

To the Honorable the Judges of Quarter Session of the Peace in and for the county of Centre.

The Grand Inquest of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania inquiring for the County of Centre in all matters relating to the source, do respectfully report.

That they have acted upon twenty-eight Bills of Indictment of which twenty-one are found True Bills and one ignored and prosecutor to pay costs excepting the four dollars for the county. *Six* were withdrawn, because the prosecutors did not appear. In addition a petition from, and the report of views appointed in a matter for the erection of a bridge to span Spring Creek in the borough of Milesburg, Centre county, was before the Grand Inquest represented by Wm. F. Reeder Esq. for the petitioners and the County Commissioners with D. B. Fortney Esq. their attorney. The report was approved. We beg leave further to report that we have visited and inspected the County Buildings and find the jail building in our judgment should have the following repairs and additions. The sash in residence portion need replacing, *walls painted fresh and cornice and wood work painted.* The inside portion of the jail yard wall proper should be faced up a smooth surface of a hard material so as to preserve the wall and make it more difficult to scale over. That a sufficient number of the cells be lined with steel plate in such manner as to protect sides, tops and ends against the escape of any of the imprisoned.

We further report that we find the office and vault of the Register and Recorder offices in a crowded condition and it should have additional facilities.

We respectfully tender our thanks to the Honorable Judges and District Attorney for their courtesy and assistance rendered us during our deliberations.

C. T. FREYBERGER.
Foreman.

Dated Nov. 29, 1893,

In the civil case of Daniel Butler vs. Henry Vanderpool, an action to recover wages for mining coal, the court instructed the jury to find a verdict for the plaintiff for $77.00, his whole claim, with interest, being $120.46.

In the case of Tressler vs. Esington, an action to recover damages, the verdict was for the plaintiff in the sum of $34.45, costs and stay of execution for sixty days.

THURSDAY MORNING.

Continuance was granted in the case of William Shortlidge against the Bellefonte Glass Co.

The next case disposed of was that of Susan Nolan vs. Samuel Swabb and Martin Gates. This was an action brought to recover damages for breach of contract. Swabb had rented Nolan's farm and it was alleged that he was to remove no hay off the premises. He was afterwards put off the farm and he (Swabb) and Gates took away some hay and other stuff. After considerable evidence had been given in the case, on both sides, the attorneys for the defense moved for a compulsory nonsuit as action had not been brought in proper form. Motion allowed and the jury dischargad.

The jury trials having all been heard, the jurors were then discharged and court adjourned until 9 o'clock Friday morning.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

S.S.S. ERADICATES BLOOD POISON AND BLOOD TAINT.

SEVERAL bottles of Swift's Specific (S.S.S.) entirely cleansed my system of contagious blood poison of the very worst type.
WM. S. LOOMIS, Shreveport, La.

S.S.S. CURES SCROFULA EVEN IN ITS WORST FORMS.

I HAD SCROFULA in 1884, and cleansed my system entirely from it by taking seven bottles of S. S. S. I have not had any symptoms since.
C. W. WILCOX, Spartanburg, S. C.

S.S.S. HAS CURED HUNDREDS OF CASES OF SKIN CANCER.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

FRIDAY MORNING.

On the convening of court D. F. Fortney, Esq., was appointed master to lay out a road in Patton township.

A bill for expenses for holding an inquest at Port Matilda, was presented to the Court and ordered paid. Also the bills for holding inquests on the bodies of Calvin Stover and Perry Condo, were approved.

The sentence of the Court in the case of Commonwealth against Charles Johnson, for larceny, was that he pay costs, restore stolen property, and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period of six months. And if he then leaves the county he will not be tried for jail breaking, but if he stays here, or comes back, he will be sent to jail for another six months.

Andrew Timms was sentenced to pay a fine of $100, cost of prosecution and imprisonment in the western penitentiary for a period of three years and nine months.

The sentence of Christ Miller, convicted of furnishing intoxicating liquor to men of intemperate habits was held over until Monday.

SUDDEN DEATH.

On Thursday afternoon, about four o'clock, Mr. William Swartz, a deaf and dumb inmate of the poor house, went home from down town apparently in as good health as ever. About half an hour afterwards Warren Burnside discovered Swartz in an out-buildipg as he thought sound asleep. Warren endeavored to arouse him, but not being able to do so, called for help. Sexeral men who were near went to Warren's assistance and they at once discovered that Swartz was dead. He was carried into the house and a doctor summoned who pronounced his death the result of heart disease. Mr. Swartz was the only surviving brother of the late George Swartz, and was aged about 77 years.

ACCIDENT.

On Wednesday evening while a son of the late E. H. Carr, of Milesburg, was driving from Bellefonte home, the team became frightened at the crossing of the new railroad on the pike below town, and ran into the fence, throwing out Messrs. C. K. Essington, John Swartz, Justice Pownell and James Grey. Mr. Esington had his shoulder dislocated and his ankle sprained. The others escaped with slight bruises. This was the team which ran off some time ago and killed Mr. Carr. The horses got loose from the wagon in the fence and started down the pike but were caught at the toll gate.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

I KEEP COOL
inside, outside, and all the way through, by drinking
HIRES' Root Beer
This great Temperance drink; is as healthful as it is pleasant. Try it.

Road Grading Machinery

The Champion Road Grader has fulfilled all the claims made for its superior capacity. The Supervisors of Union Township purchased one during the spring of 1892, with which they have made the most improved public roads in Centre county. Prior to this year the Supervisors were required to assess six mills road taxes—this year, 1893, they assessed four mills, next year, 1894, they propose to assess three mills road taxes and improve their roads more than they did with six mills road taxes before they purchased their Champion Road Grader from Messrs. McCalmont & Co. Formerly the tax payers had to do the work with shovels and picks, now the horses do the most of the work.

Champion Rock Crusher.

The Champion Rock Crusher has no equal or competitor, when we compare the quantity of stone crushed in one day, seventy to eighty tons, with the power required to operate it—for the proof of which, we refer those interested or who may want to buy a stone crusher to improve their public roads, to the supervisors and tax payers of Walker twp. Centre Co., Pa., as well as to S. D. Tice, a contractor of Howard, and Wallace White, a contractor of Spring township, Centre Co., Pa., who crushes stone for for macadamizing streets and turnpikes.

Champion Road Roller

After your roads and streets are macadamized, the Champion Road Roller, operated by horses, can be used to great advantage in rolling down the loose stone to make the road smooth. Those in want of Road Machinery will promote their own interest by inspecting the above machinery before purchasing.

Further information, as to prices and merit, will be furnished on application.

McCALMONT & CO.

WM SHORTLIDGE, } Business
ROBT. MCCALMONT, } Managers. 24-23-6m

MERCURIAL

Mr. J. C. Jones, of Fulton, Ark., says of "About ten years ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison. Leading physicians prescribed medicine after medicine, which I took without any relief. I also tried mercurial and potash remedies, with unsuccessful results, but which brought on an attack of mercurial rheumatism that made my life one of agony. After suffering four years I gave up all remedies and commenced using S. S. S. After taking several bottles, I was entirely cured and able to resume work. S.S.S. is the greatest medicine for blood poisoning to-day on the market."

RHEUMATISM

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

C

is stamped in the best watch cases made. It is the trade mark of the *Keystone Watch Case Company*, of Philadelphia, the oldest, largest and best-known factory in the world—1500 employees, capacity 2000 cases daily. Its products are sold by all jewelers. It makes the celebrated *Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases*, now fitted with the only bow (ring) which cannot be pulled off the case—the

Non-pull-out

A WATCH CASE OPENER SENT FREE.

WHITES

Canada Thistle - - Exterminator.

FACTORY AT BELLEFONTE, PA., IN WHAT IS KNOWN AS THE BELLEFONTE CAR WORKS.

This is a discovery that is destined to prove a blessing to every farmer and land owner.

Whites Canada Thistle Exterminator is a preparation discovered and put on the market by Samuel White, of Bellefonte, Pa. A tablespoonful of this preparation placed on a thistle will kill every stalk so treated in five days from the top of the ground to the extreme length of the root. This has been proven by actual experiment. If applied according to directions furnished with every lot sold it is guaranteed to do the work. A number of Centre county land owners have given the Exterminator a thorough trial, among whom are Brockerhoff Bros. and W. Fred Reynolds. Mr Reynolds has instructed his farmers to get as much as is needed to exterminate this pest from all of his farms.

PRICE PER BUSHEL, $2.50, OR $5 PER BAG OF TWO BUSHELS.

Factory at Bellefonte Car Works. Orders addressed to Samuel White, Bellefonte, will receive prompt attention. Terms CASH on receipt of goods. Isaac Hampt authorized agent.

SAMUEL WHITE.
24-23-3m

DR. THEEL
1317 Arch Street,
Philadelphia, (oldest living Practitioner, the only advertising specialist in America (who took his studies for 40 to 50 years under the undisputed Professors Dalrymple & Walker, the reputed authorities and specialists in America) is at present devoting attention to the German Court and signalizes the American Ambassadors. The only advertising Physician who is also in position to cure permanently and quicker than all others without any dangerous drugs, (no matter what others point, with their secret). All spoiled Noses of Blood Poison, Swellings, Pimples, Ulcers, Inflammations, Bladder, Kidneys, Stricture, Sores, Enlarged Veins, Impotency, Debility, Effects of youthful errors, Exciting, etc. The most dangerous cases solicited. Methods new and harmless. Relief in short time and cured in 4 to 10 days. Those suffering for years, and having thereby lost all hope of cure, can find perfect redress for book "Truth." This is a valuable medical treatise which every one should read, and no one does. DR. THEEL has no equal in treating the above diseases. 25 years' practical experience. Hours daily, 9 to 3, 6 to 8 p. m. Sunday and Saturday evenings, 6 to 10; Sundays, 9 to 12 a. m. Write or call and be saved. (By enclosing 2 cts. stamps.)

ANTI-STIFF

IS A MARVELLOUS PREPARATION FOR RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK, SORE THROAT, BRUISES, AND SPRAINS.

Rub well into the affected part, and you will soon be convinced of its efficacy.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.

WHOLESALE, LYON & CO., NEW YORK.

Small box, 20 cents; Medium, 35 cents; Large, $1.00.

24-23-21mos

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

SAW MILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in Friction Feeds and Gig-Back. Rock motion of Carriage three times as fast as any other in the market. Friction Clutch Feed, causing all the feed rolls to run still while backing; great saving in power and wear. Write for circulars and prices. Catalogue free upon application. Also Dealers in Engines, Hay Rakes, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, Shellers, etc. 20-50-6m

HENCH & DROMGOLD, Manufrs., YORK, PA.

Bellefonte Republican,

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—And winter has settled down to solid business.

—Two more weeks of court then the teacher's institute.

—The Bellefonte steam laundry is not yet ready for business.

—Sunday was a bad day for church-goers—too much snow and rain.

—If you won't play as we want to play, we will take our playthings and go home.

—Street Commissioner Thomas Shaughensy is laid up with a severe attack of rheumatism.

—Mr. John Noll is now doing mason work for the Central railroad company at Mill Hall, Pa.

—A good tumble early in the morning will make a man overlook the lesser troubles of the day.

—These are the days when the ice man is not in it but the coal dealer and plumber gets there in great shape.

—Wanted—councilmen with backbone enough to stay in the council chamber until the right hour of adjournment.

—It will only be a couple weeks now until the holiday vacation and the school children are consequently happy in anticipation.

—The first snow of the season fell Saturday night to the depth of about four inches, but Sunday's steady rain melted a good part of it.

—Sunday was a bad day for nice-weather church goers. And the congregations in the various churches were good proof of the above fact.

—Coasting is now the order of the evening among the rising generation. It is also participated in somewhat by the "falling" generation.

—The merchants are preparing their holiday displays. All they need to do now to sell their goods is to plant a nice advertisement in this paper.

Miss Edith Austin, who is stopping at the home of Dr. Dartt, on Allegheny street, spent a few days with her friend, Miss Jennie Twitmire, at Pleasant Gap.

—It is said that the Water street boardwalk, if built by subscription, will be one long sign board of advertisements of the firms contributing to the fund for its erection.

—Thursday, December 21st, will be an important day in the history of Bellefonte. There will be in Bellefonte many prominent men, including, perhaps, Governor Pattison.

—The poor man shoveled the snow off his pavement Sunday morning. A few of the rich did, also, but a number didn't and this morning pedestrians had the usual dose of ice and frozen snow.

—When it comes to cleaning snow off their pavements what a lot of Christians there are in Bellefonte who object to working on Sunday, even when it is a case of preventing danger to life and limb.

—The county officials elect are now busy hunting up bondsmen and filing their bonds preparatony to taking the oath of office, which this time will be administered to them on Monday, the first day of January, 1894.

—The Central Pennsylvania railroad company's new cars have arrived in Bellefonte and are stored in the stack shed at Valentine's furnace. They are similar in color to the P. R. R. cars, but somewhat longer, having eighteen windows on each side.

—Mr. James C. Smith, the newly appointed postmaster at Millheim, expects his commission this week, when he will be ready to get down to business. There yet remains only about four postoffices in Centre county, which are of any importance, in which the postmasters have not been changed.

—The Grand United Order of Odd Fellows, of Bellefonte, will hold their first anniversary ball on Thursday evening, December 14th, in the skating rink. The committee of arrangements are Messrs. James Shorter, George Freeman, Thomas Dubois and William Green. Further particulurs will be given later.

—John C. Miller says he would not have cared so much for the bolting councilmen, but Monday night was the first time he ever was president, and just as he was beginning to flatter himself he was a regular Tom Reed at the business, his audience vanished and he was left with nothing to do but adjourn.

—Every lady in Bellefonte should make some choice piece of fancy work for the Logan Steam company's fair to be held during the holidays. The Logan boys constitute as good a volunteer fire company as can be found in the state. On their own responsibility they purchased an engine, which has many times already paid for itself in the property saved from destruction, and now the company desires raising some money and they should receive the hearty support of all persons in the town. Their fair will open on Saturday, December 23rd, and that will be a good place to go to buy Christmas presents for your friends.

REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING.

The Water Street Boardwalk Split the Council—Who is Right and Who is Wrong?

Borough council convened promptly at 7.30 o'clock Monday evening with members Miller, Gerberick, Williams, Hillibish, Garman, Bush and Bauer present. President George L. Potter being absent member John C. Miller was chosen president pro tem. Clerk Isaac Mitchell read the minutes of the previous session and also of the special session held last Monday night, which were approved.

W. F. Reeder, Esq., was present in regard to the action of council relative to their instructions to him to repair pavement on North Allegheny street. Mr. Reeder said that now, to his certain knowledge, the borough council has given just five different, yet fully established grades for the Allegheny and Curtin street corners. Mr. Reeder very reasonably asked that, if the council desired him to change his pavement and gutter, it was to give him a grade that would be one grade for all, and that would last forever, and then he would willingly make the necessary changes and repairs. In regard to the steps in controversy, Mr. Reeder stated that he had never put them there, did not take them away, would not replace the same and could not be held responsible for any accident that might occur there.

Messrs. H. Sechler, John P. Harris and H. B. Pontius, the committee appointed by the Board of Trade to present the request from that body that the council should build the boardwalk, not so much because it can be compelled to do so, but because it is a much needed improvement. Mr. Sechler endorsed his verbal request with a few very pertinent and appropriate remarks. Mr. Pontius seconded Mr. Sechler's remarks in a few words.

In opposition to the request of the Board of Trade Mr. Henry Brockerhoff made a brief speech and entered his protest against the building of same.

McCalmont & Co. presented a request for a rebatement of $6.54 on taxes for 1893, the same having been assessed in Spring township and the taxes for same paid in that district.

The street committee presented th report of the borough engineer as to survey for pavement on North Allegheny street. As the report was not signed it could not be accepted. The committee further reported grading done on North Allegheny street and also on Wilson street. Regarding the abatement of the water nuisance on East Howard street the committee reported the cause thereof but no remedy.

The Water committee reported danger of exposing the water main on Allegheny street, if the street committee continue grading that street to the depth now proposed. Also that the main pipe on Lamb street is being laid down to the new railroad depot.

Fire and Police, Market and Nuisance committees had no reports to make. The Finance committee reported the balance due treasurer as $1,733.51.

The matter brought to the atte ntio of council by Mr. Reeder was taken up for consideration, but as the committee had failed to present any legal report no definite action could be taken. Under this aspect of affairs the president directed the street committee to put a barrier across the pavement at the place of danger until it is so fixed as to render it absolutely safe.

Regarding the communication from the Board of Trade relative to the Water street boardwalk was brought up. Some of the members of council suggested giving the matter no further consideration. To this member Williams strongly objected. Mr. Williams said he was surprised that Mr. Crider should protest against the building of the walk; but he was not surprised at Mr. Brockerhoff protesting. In view of the fact that the council must build a guard rail on that side of the street for protection; and that 95 per cent of the business men and large tax payers demand the erection of the boardwalk, he thought it was the duty of the council to take action and build the boardwalk. Mr. Williams then moved that Mr. James Harris be given the contract of building said walk from High street to connect with the property of the Central railroad company, for the sum of $160. Mr. Bush seconded the motion. At this juncture members Dartt, Gerberich and Bauer withdrew to the little room. President Miller was debating with himself whether to entertain the motion or not. After all the councilmen were again seated around the table Mr. Miller announced that he had decided to entertain the motion of Mr. Williams. Had a dynamite bomb been exploded under their chairs it could not have acted quicker than the words of Mr. Miller did on Messrs. Dartt, Gerberich and Bauer. They were on their feet in an instant, grabbed up their hats and overcoats and, without even a pleasant good-night, started for home. Mr. Garman having been excused earlier in the evening, there was not a quorum left and the only thing then possible to do was to adjourn, leaving considerable business unfinished, and not even a bill approved.

After adjournment the three bolting councilmen were found in the ante-room, and then it looked as if there might be a picnic. Expressions of endearment were very few, while expressions of condemnation of such actions were quite numerous and more emphatic than Christian-like. And this is the way the borough councilmen look after the interests of the people of Bellefonte.

DEATH OF COL. POTTS.

News reached this city Sunday of the death of Colonel Joseph D. Potts, known throughout the United States in railroad circles as the leading transportation man, which occurred at the Hotel Haag, Milton, at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A short time ago Colonel Potts arrived in Milton on a visit, and was the guest of his brother-in-law, James P. McCleary. While there he was stricken with apoplexy.

At the time of his death Colonel Potts was President of the Empire Transportation Company and also of the International Transportation Company. He was closely connected with the Pennsylvania railroad and at one time was manager of the Philadelphia and Erie, located in this city. In 1863, about the time of the invasion of Pennsylvania, he joined the militia and entered service as Colonel of one of the state regiments.

About the time of the opening of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad through to Erie Colonel Potts resigned his position as manager of that road to accept the presidency of the Empire Transportation Company, which company he had organized. He was succeeded as manager of the Philadelphia and Erie by A. L. Tyler.

Deceased was about 64 years of age, and was the son-in-law of Dr. McCleary, of Milton. He was a prominent man in railroad circles, having been one of the pioneer civil engineers for the Pennsylvania company. During his residence in this city he became well known and is remembered by the older residents as a man of excellent character, kindly disposition and one whom it was a pleasure to meet. He was a man of great ability and during his life had amassed a large fortune.—Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*.

—A subscription paper is to-day being circulated to secure money to build a boardwalk on Water street from High street to Lamb. This sudden move on the part of the energetic and progressive business men of Bellefonte is thought to be necessary, as the time intervening until the boardwalk will be a necessity is too short to bring the matter to a successful issue before the borough council. Of course, there is no doubt but that the council would put down the boardwalk had they been given notice in time, but as there is a certain channel in that body through which all business must run its course, there is not sufficient time for such a move. It will be good news to all our readers to know that there will be a boardwalk on Water street, and that within two weeks.

—Ain't the pavements in Bellefonte in a nice condition? The snow and rain frozen hard, then worn smooth and now is almost like a cake of ice. Take a walk along every street in Bellefonte and you will find that the major part of the uncleaned pavement is in front of either the residences or business places of those well able to have the same put and kept in good condition. The poor man's pavement was cleaned on Sunday and is now nice and dry, safe for any one to travel on. There is a borough ordinance requiring every property owner to keep his pavement clean and in good condition, and the Chief Burgess would only be doing his duty to see that said ordinance is strictly enforced.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

At the election held by Gregg Post, No. '95, the following comrades were elected for the year 1894:

Commander—Thos. Donachy.
S. V. C.—Wm. T. Fitzgerald.
J. V. C.—Monroe Armor.
Surgeon—D. C. Walters.
O. of D.—J. I. Curtin.
Chaplain—David Bartley.
Q. M—Wm. Jones.
Sergt. of Guard—John Bryan.
Ordinance Officer—John Bryan.
Trustee—Wm. Maitland.
Del. to Encampment—S. H. Williams.
Alternate—W. T. Fitzgerald.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Officers elected December 2, 1893, at a regular meeting of Post 261, G. A. R.

Commander—Austin Curtin.
S. V. Commander—Samuel Zimmerman.
J. V, " Wm. Eminhizer.
Q. M.—W. H. Musser.
Surgeon—S. H. Orris.
Chaplain—Thomas Wilson.
O. D. —James Kreps.
O. G.—Thomas Watson.

Delegates to annual encampment to meet in Philadelphia in February, 1894,—W. H. Musser and Thomas Wilson. Alternates—J. A. Green and A. G. Roger. Trustee—James McMullen.

TAKEN AWAY.

On Monday evening Sheriff William A. Ishler started for Pittsburg with his royal highness, Sir Andy Timms, who he will introduce to a few of the important officials of the Smoky city. It is more than likely that Timms will accept an invitation from the warden of the western penitentiary to spend several years with him and perfect himself in the study of hard labor in solitary confinement.

—Have you seen the nobby new two-seated carriage that the Potter livery now has out to meet all the incoming trains? It is a regular city-transfer-pattern rig, and is commodious as well as comfortable. It will likely be used as a transfer line between the two depots when the new railroad is permanently opened.

ACADEMY VS. BELLEFONTE.

The Result of Saturday's Foot Ball Game 12 to 8.

A very small crowd went out to the glass works meadow on Saturday afternoon to see the Bellefonte Academy team play foot ball with a picked eleven from among the players of the town. Unfortunately, also, very few of the best players, who had agreed to play, turned up and it looked as if there would be no game, but finally Captain Cruse succeeded in getting together eleven men and boys to stand up against ten of the Academy boys. The latter had the choice of players, ball and grounds. Bellefonte lined up and the Academy made a rush and with very little trouble succeeded in making a touchdown. Bellefonte then took the ball but it was but a few minutes until the Academy had it all their own way and scored another touchdown. In the meantime Lester Shaeffer and Ed. Cowdrick made their appearance, simply as spectators, but were induced to take the place of a couple boys on the Bellefonte team, and that somewhat evened up the teams.

Bellefonte took the ball and on the first grand rush Shaeffer attempted to run around left end but Lute Hughes was there to stop such plays and Shaeffer was very soon brought to ground. Again Cowdrick tried the end play but it wouldn't work. Then the boys got down to Princeton tactics. They played the centre for all that was in it. Wedge after wedge was hurled against the Academy's centre with battering ram velocity and every time Bellefonte found themselves from three to eight yards nearer the scoring line. Of course nothing could withstand such catapaultic persistency and the result was Bellefonte scored a touchdown. Time was then called for the first half.

In the second half there was some wonderful playing. Long and glorious runs around the ends, only to be brought to earth when the coast seemed clear. Brilliant breaks through the centre of a strong line, only to run square into a firmly-planted full-back, and thus it was a regular game of see-saw from one goal line to the other and finally back to the centre again, At last the Academy on a well-guarded end play succeeded in scoring another touchdown. Then Bellefonte got its dutch up and again brought into use their battering-ram and, after a couple interchanges of the ball, succeeded in again crossing the goal line and scoring another touchdown, which made the score 12 to 8 in favor of the Academy. Time was soon called and the wonderful contest was at an end. Although the game was none of the most scientific ones it afforded a vast amount of amusement for those who saw it. The Academy has a well-trained team, and in tackling and general team work they had the advantage; while Bellefonte had the greatest weight on their side.

DEATH OF AN OLD CENTRE COUNTY LADY.

Mr, John Hicklin, received a telegram on Wednesday announcing the death of his mother, Mrs. Albina Hicklin, at Toledo, O., where she was living with her daughter Mrs. Tipple.

Mrs. Hicklin was born in 1803, and until a few years ago was a resident of Unionville, this county. She was a remarkable woman in many respects. Notwithstanding her great age she preserved all her faculties almost unimpaired, and last year when she visited Philipsburg her friends here were astonished at her brightness and vigor. Her lovely disposition and beautiful life made her an object of adoration to her relatives and friends and her death will be greatly lamented. She was buried at Unionville.—Philipsburg *Ledger*.

—Miss Chloe Chase, a colored lady aged about 90 years, died on Wednesday evening of last week at the residence of her son, Mr. Lewis Chase, in Philipsburg. She was born at Clear Springs, Md., and was a slave until 1850, when she was given her liberty by her master. She remained at Clear Springs until about two weeks ago when Mr. Chase went to see her and succeeded in persuading her to accompany him to his home. She was very feeble and a great sufferer from asthma, and, although surrounded by every comfort and attention that love could suggest, she gradually failed until she died. Funeral services were held at Mr. Chase's by Rev. Dr. Miller and Rev. H. A. Grant, and the body was taken to Clear Springs for burial.

A STEAM BICYCLE.

A new steam bicycle has been brought out in Saxony and will be introduced into the United States. The generation of the steam, of course, is the feature. It is made in a boiler of galvanized iron, having an asbestos jacket suspended between the wheels. The wet steam is super-heated through a long circular tube within the boiler. The propelling machine is covered by an air and water-tight rubber pouch on each side of the rear wheel. Circular crank shafts make the speed. The fuel is benzine, and the operation shows that the patentee is master of compounding, expansion and condensing.

—It is too rediculous the way some of the newspapers in Centre county are palming off, week after week, columns of stuff about Lewis and Connelly's hidden treasure, as reliable news matter. This paper several weeks ago devoted a half column to the subject in which we told just where those two famous robbers committed their depredations, where and how they died, and how impossible it was that they could have hidden any treasure in Centre county, at the place it is alleged they did. Our story in detail has been confirmed by Mr. Waddle, of Buffalo Run, who knew the men personally, and knew every incident in connection with their career in this county.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Mr. Ed. P. Butts spent Thanksgiving at his home in this place.

Miss Spigelmyer is now entertaining her friend, Miss Shuck, of Lewisburg.

Joseph J, Rhoads, of Jamesburg, N. J., will spend Sunday at his home on Linn street, this place.

Dr. William Frear, of State College, registered at the Monongehela House, Pittsburg, Friday.

Mr. Bert Tilburgh, accompanied by Mr. Will Beck both of Lock Haven, spent Thursday in Bellefonte.

Mr. Jacob Shank, one of Boggs township's sterling republicans, was a pleasant caller at this office Saturday morning.

Dr. J. Finley Bell, who has been visiting friends in Bellefonte, departed Friday for his home in East Hampton, Long Island.

Mr. Harry Johnston, of Altoona, spent Thursday at the home of his father, Mr. John T. Johnston, on Linn street this place:

Hon. John B. Linn was an arrival home on Monday afternoon. Mr. Linn had been absent attending the funeral of his brother.

Robert Greer, Thomas Beaver, John Harris and Ed. Harris, State College students spent Thanksgiving at their homes in this place.

Miss Weaver, of Clearfield, and Miss Petriken, of Huntingdon, are guests at the residence of banker John P. Harris, on Linn street.

Misses Emma Montgomery and Katie Bullock have just returned from Philipsburg, where they spent a pleasant week visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Stine, of Harrisburg, are at present visiting Mrs. Stine's parents in this place, Rev. W. A. and Mrs. Houck, on East Linn street.

Mr. Will Hoffer, who is now visiting his sister, Mrs. A. C. Mingle, is considering the advisability of going into the newspaper business in Huntingdon.

Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman, of Williamsport, spent Sunday last in Bellefonte the guests of Mrs. H's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Spigelmyer, on Penn street.

Missie Bridge, of Clearfield, has for a few days past been the guest of Miss Myra Holliday at the palatial residence of Col. J. L. Spangler, on Allegheny street.

Miss Bessie Sommerville, daughter of our former townsman, Mr. James Sommerville, now of Winburn, Pa. is visiting at Mr. James Potters, on Spring street.

Among those who were in Bellefonte on Monday we noticed, William Gray, of Stormstown, and George W. Ellenberger and Jacob Rider, of Ferguson township.

Mr. Edgar Swartz, of Punxsutawney, was an arrival in Bellefonte on Friday evening, called here by the death of his uncle, William Swartz, on Thursday evening.

Dr. Stewart, formerly of Snow Shoe, but now located in Wilkesbarre, passed through Bellefonte on Wednesday evening, on his way home from a week spent at his old place of residence.

Mr. G. W. Rumberger, of Philipsburg, register-elect of Centre county, came to Bellefonte on Friday and spent the afternoon and evening in and around the office where he will officiate as High Muck-a-muck during the next three years.

Mr. William Ellenberger, of Ferguson township, was in Bellefonte Monday. Mr. Ellenberger is a great republican and can argue his doctrine for all there is in it. He keeps well informed on all subjects and generally knows whereof he speaks.

Messrs. Claude Jones and John Vogt, two of Tyrone's finest young beaux, spent Thanksgiving in Bellefonte, ostensibly to see the foot ball game; but, we are inclined to think, two pairs of bright eyes and four rosy cheeks had a part in their coming.

A large number of Bellefonters who are now out of town temporarily, came home to spend Thanksgiving. Among the number we noticed Messrs. Charles T. Noll, Ed. Blanchard, Albert Hoy, and a host of others whose names can not now be recalled.

Mr. Eustace B. Grimes, who for a number of years was stenographer in the office of the Bellefonte Central railroad in this place but who now fills a responsible position under the State administration in Harrisburg, was in Bellefonte a short time on Friday evening while on his way to State College to be present at the annual Thanksgiving Assembly, held there Friday night.

CANTATA OF JEPHTHAH.

Next Week in the Opera House. What It will be Like.

The dates for the rendition of the Cantata "Jephthah," under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., and for the benefit of that association, has been permanently fixed for next Monday and Tuesday evenings, December 11th and 12th. A full chorus of sixty ladies and gentlemen are now in daily practice and the occasion promises to be the leading events of the season. Dr. McEntire has agreed to take the part of Jephthah and Mrs. John Bullock the part of Jephthah's daughter. Both these persons are well able to render their difficult parts to the entire satisfaction of the most critical audience.

The chart for this entertainment is now open at Parrish's drug store, the price of seats being but 35 and 50 cents.

It is probable that few people know of the magnitude of this cantata and for the benefit of all we herewith publish a full synopsis of same, as it will be sung in Garman's opera house, as follows:

SYNOPSIS.

SCENE I.—The Israelites worshipping the idol "Baalim," God of Power. Enter Herald who informs them that the king of Ammon has crossed the river Jordan, demanding their homes and lands, or destruction awaits their nation. Lamentation over the impending danger of Israel. The Prophet admonishes them to return to the living God. They forsake their false god and supplicate Jehovah, the God of their fathers.

SCENE II.—Jephthah in the land of Tob, where his brothers find him, and make known to him the desire of the people. Jephthah having been banished from his father's house in anger refuses their request. His daughter's intercession and the promise to be made ruler over all Israel if he is successful in war, determines him to return,

SCENE III.—Royal Palace. Princess Adina's grief and despair. Prince Shemuel assures her that all will be well. Herald announces Jephthah's return. Great rejoicing. Jephthah made ruler of Israel decides to lead them in battle against the Ammonites. The prophet assures of success. Grand Tableau.

SCENE IV.—Preparation for battle. Jephthah's rash vow. Battle song and march.

SCENE V.—(The battle field.) Adina searching for the brother among the dead and dying. Shemuel's death. Beautiful Tableau.

SCENE VI.—Jephthah's daughter and her friends go out to meet her father with tembrels and songs of joy. Grand triumphant march. The meeting of father and daughter. Marah's noble resignation to her father's vow and Jephthah's grief and despair. Tableau.

SCENE VII.—Upon the mountain. Marah's farewell to her friends. A scene of unrivalled splendor.

SCENE VIII—Place of sacrifice. The last words between father and daughter. The voice of an angel is heard, who forbids the rites and dedicates Marah to the Temple.

GRAND FINALE.

Dedication of Jephthah's daughter to the Temple and her vision of the Guardian Angel, with Shower of Gold. A scene of unsurpassed grandeur.

Mr. J. E. Kane, of Chicago, who is the leading spirit in the direction and training of the choir for this event, is a man of rare talent, and the fact that he has supervision is a sufficient guarantee to the music loving public that everything will be first-class. Read what the Franklin, Mass., *Journal* says of it:

Jephthah and His Daughter captivated the people from beginnning to end. Seldom are our people offered an opportunity to witness an entertainment of the first order. But the wheel of monotony plunging sluggishly through the entire line of entertainments, stopped short two evenings this week when the Cantata of Jephthah was presented in the Opera House.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Following is the list of marriage licenses granted by the Register of Centre county during the past week:

Joshua Armstrong, of Pleasant Gap, and Mary Weaver, of Centre Hill.

Thomas Lloyd and Mary E. Bell, both of Philipsburg.

W. E. Smith, of Millheim, and Lizzie Harter, of Pleasant Gap.

Robert W. Bloom and Alda M. Houser, both of Centre Hall.

George F. Durst, of Harris township, and Maggie Keller, of Potter township.

William S. Frame and Sarah L. Ownley both of Philipsburg.

Isaiah T. Woodel, of Sandy Ridge, and Rosie Cowher, of Port Matilda.

Edgar T. Beckdel, of Blanchard, and Anna M. Decker, of Nittany.

THE MILLS ARE HERE.

The Little Gem Fanning Mill and Separator company have just received a car load of machines from the western factory in Daublin, Indiana, with which they will supply purchasers until they get their own manufactory in this place in good running condition. By the time this car load is exhausted new mills manufactured in Bellefonte will be ready to put on the market.

—Winter is here in all its glory.